



ANNUAL REPORT

2019-20

Ministry of Minority Affairs
Government of India



Annual Report 2019-20

**Ministry of Minority Affairs
Government of India**

Website : www.minorityaffairs.gov.in

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Achievement of the Ministry of Minority Affairs

- Ministry of Minority Affairs was established on 29th January, 2006. It has been mandated for formulation of policies, schemes and programmes for welfare and socio-economic development of 6 (six) notified minority communities namely, Muslims, Christians, Sikhs, Buddhists, Parsis and Jains, which constitute more than 19% of India's population. From October 2016, the mandate of the Ministry has been expanded to manage Haj Pilgrimage as well.
- Ministry adopted a multi-pronged strategy for development of minority communities with focus on educational empowerment; infrastructure development; economic empowerment; fulfilling special needs; and strengthening of minority institutions.
- The welfare and development schemes of the Ministry focus on poor and deprived sections of the minorities. Majority of schemes have devised the eligibility criteria on economic basis to ensure that the benefits reach to poor and deprived sections.
- The educational schemes cover scholarships for all levels, fellowships and interest subsidy to promote higher education and support for providing good quality coaching to enable minorities to go for Government and private jobs.
- In tune with "Skill India Mission" and "Make in India Mission", the Ministry has strengthened and expanded its job linked "Seekho aur Kamao" scheme and implemented schemes namely, USTTAD for preservation of traditional crafts/arts and "Nai Manzil" to integrate education with skills for economic empowerment of minority communities.
- There is special scheme namely "Nai Roshni" for empowerment of minority women. The other special programme "Jiyo Parsi" concerns population decline of Parsi community. "Hamari Dharohar" scheme is for preservation of rich heritage and culture of minorities under overall concept of Indian Culture.
- In tune with the Digital India campaign, the scholarship/stipend is being paid directly to the account of beneficiaries in the schemes (1) Merit-cum-Means based Scholarship Scheme for Minorities, (2) Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme for Minorities, (3) Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme for Minorities, (4) Maulana Azad National Fellowship for Minority Students, (5) Nai Udaan - Support for students clearing prelims conducted by UPSC, SSC & State Public Service Commissions. Direct Benefit Transfers through PFMS integration for rest of the schemes of the Ministry has been initiated. On-line Haj applications through web portal and mobile applications were initiated and more than 50% of the Haj applications are received online. Ministry has also taken action to shift to the e-office mode.
- Ministry has undertaken various media campaigns for publicity through print and outdoor publicity modes. The campaigns included print advertisements in various regional as well as national dailies, which were aimed at publicizing several ongoing schemes of

the Ministry. Outdoor publicity campaigns were also conducted during the year 2019-20 with an aim to popularise the initiatives of the Ministry under different ongoing schemes along with the Hunar Haat events. Outdoor publicity has been done for 'Hunar Haats' at (i) Jaipur in August-September, 2019, (ii) Indian International Trade Fair, New Delhi in November, 2019, (iii) Prayagraj in November, 2019, (iv) Mumbai in December, 2019 and (v) Ahmedabad in December, 2019.

- Ministry observed "Swachhata hi Sewa" Campaign during the period from September 11 to October 2, 2019. An exercise to assess the utility of all files, magazines/brochures was carried out and weeding out of all old temporary files and other such records was done.
- Ministry celebrated Swachhta Pakhwada commencing from 16th December 2019 at the Pt. Deen Dayal Antyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex in the presence of Officials/Officers of the Ministry. A workshop on Swachhata Pakhwada was organized by the Ministry on 16th December, 2019.
- Five teams of officials of the Ministry visited Chhatarpur Mandir, Uttara Swamimalai Temple, Free Church, Jantar Mantar, Fatehpuri Masjid, and Jain Temple during the period from 18th December 2019 to 24th December, 2019, and undertook cleaning activities in and around the respective premises.

Major achievements till 31.12.2019 are:

The Multi-sectoral Development Programme was restructured and implemented as Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram (PMJVK) in 2018-19 for remaining period of 14th Finance Commission. It is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme identified as Core of the Core scheme under National Development Agenda by the NITI Aayog.

The features of PMJVK are as under:-

- 80% of the resources under the PMJVK are earmarked for projects related to Education, Health and Skill Development.
- 33 to 40% of resources under the PMJVK are allocated for women centric projects.
- The area covered under PMJVK are 109 Minority Concentration District Headquarters (MCD Hqrs), 870 Minority Concentration Blocks (MCBs) and 321 Minority Concentration Towns (MCTs). In addition, Cluster of Minority Concentration Villages (CoMCV) are identified on the basis of proposals received from the States/UTs. In all 1300 Minority Concentration Areas have been identified under PMJVK and these MCAs are spread over 308 Districts of 33 States/UTs.
- Proposals under PMJVK are submitted by the State Govts/UT Admns/Central Universities/Central Agencies to the Ministry of Minority Affairs, for consideration of the Empowered Committee.

Major Impact

PMJVK provides infrastructure in the identified Minority Concentration Areas particularly in the field of education, health, skill development, women empowerment etc. which helps in

improving the socio-economic condition of minorities residing in these areas. Flexibility has been introduced in the restructured programme to enable speedier implementation of the scheme, leading to greater inclusiveness of the minority communities.

❖ **Pre-matric Scholarship Scheme**

Funds to the tune of Rs.1264.29 crore have been sanctioned for awarding 56.92 lakh scholarships for the year 2018-19 while 8.72 lakh scholarships renewal amounting to Rs. 180.48 crore have been approved for disbursement for the year 2019-20. (Provisional figures as on 31.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues in 2019-20).

❖ **Post-matric Scholarship Scheme**

Funds to the tune of Rs.423.18 crore was released for awarding 6.84 lakh post- matric scholarships for the year 2018-19 while more than 50,000 scholarships amounting to Rs. 30.03 crore have been approved for disbursement for the year 2019-20 (Provisional figures as on 31.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues in 2019-20).

❖ **Merit-cum-Means based Scholarship Scheme**

Funds to the tune of Rs.315.93 crore was released for awarding 1.18 lakh Merit-cum-Means based scholarships for the year 2018-19 while more than 16,000 scholarships amounting to Rs. 43.42 crore have been approved for disbursement for the year 2019-20 (provisional figures as on 31.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues in 2019-20).

❖ **Maulana Azad National Fellowship scheme**

During the year 2019-20, 1,000 fresh fellowships are proposed to be awarded under the scheme. An amount of Rs. 100.00 crore has been released to UGC for further disbursement of fellowship amount to the eligible scholars.

❖ **Naya Savera**

For the financial year 2019-20, allocation of 9630 students has been given to the empanelled coaching institutions/organisations under Naya Savera Scheme. Budget allocation for 2019-20 is Rs. 75.00 Crore out of which, as on 31.12.2019, Rs. 9.91 Crore have been released to various coaching institutions/organizations.

❖ **Nai Udaan**

During the Financial Year 2019-20 (as on 31.12.2019), financial support of Rs 5.01 crore has been provided to 885 candidates, who have cleared Prelims conducted by UPSC, SSC and various SPSCs.

❖ **Padho Pradesh**

During the year 2019-20, an amount of Rs. 9.0 crore has been released to the Nodal Bank (Canara Bank) towards reimbursement of interest subsidy on educational loans to 2302 students under the Padho Pradesh Scheme.

❖ **Seekho aur Kamao**

During 2019-20 (upto 31.12.2019) allocation for training of 58,606 minority youths has

been made to the Programme Implementation Agencies (PIAs). In addition, 30,000 trainees have also been allocated to Maulana Azad Educational Foundation (MAEF) and National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC). An amount of Rs.66.84 crore has been released to the PIAs.

❖ **Upgrading the Skills and Training in Traditional Arts/Crafts for Development (USTTAD)**

During 2019-20 (Up to 31.12.2019), under USTTAD, Hunar Haats have been organized at five places namely IITF, New Delhi, Mumbai, Jaipur, Prayagraj and Ahmedabad.

❖ **The National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC)**

From 01/04/2019 to 31/12/2019, NMDFC has extended loans amounting to Rs. 377.11 crore to 77,110 beneficiaries under 'Term Loan' and 'Micro Finance' Schemes.

From 01/04/2019 to 31/12/2019, NMDFC has organized three exhibitions through its State Channelizing Agencies (SCAs) under its Marketing Assistance Scheme at Jammu Kerala & Rajasthan.

❖ **Jiyo Parsi**

This is the Central Sector Scheme concerning decline of Parsi population in India. Funds to the tune of Rs. 3.45 crore (upto 31.12.2019) have been released to Parzor Foundation for Medical Assistance, Advocacy and Health of Community components during 2019-20.

❖ **Haj**

Smooth and comfortable Haj pilgrimage is being ensured with coordination of various Government agencies. The quota for Indian Haj Pilgrims has been greatly enhanced from 1.75 Lakh to 2.00 Lakh for Haj 2019. The Government has allowed Muslim women to go on Haj pilgrimage without "Mehram" (male companion). 1171 women performed Haj without Mehram during Haj 2018, which increased to 2229 pilgrims during Haj 2019.

❖ **Budget**

Budget Estimates (BE) for 2019-20 is Rs. 4700 crore and the same has been retained at RE stage. An expenditure of Rs.1566.22 crore has been booked up to 31.12.2019. The schemes of the Ministry have been revised suitably based on evaluation reports for implementation during the balance period of the 14th Finance Commission.



CHAPTER-1 :

INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Ministry of Minority Affairs was carved out of Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment on 29th January, 2006 to ensure a more focused approach towards issues relating to the six notified minority communities namely Muslims, Christians, Buddhists, Sikhs, Parsis and Jains. Jain community has been included as the sixth Minority community vide notification dated 27th January, 2014. The mandate of the Ministry includes formulation of overall policy and planning, coordination, evaluation and review of the regulatory and development programmes for the benefit of the minority communities.

Vision and Mission

1.2 The vision of this Ministry is empowering the minority communities and creating an enabling environment for strengthening the multi-racial, multi-ethnic, multi-cultural, multi-lingual and multi-religious character of our nation.

1.3 The mission is to improve the socio-economic conditions of the minority communities through affirmative action and inclusive development so that every citizen has equal opportunity to participate actively in building a dynamic nation, to facilitate an equitable share for minority communities in education, employment, economic activities and to ensure their upliftment.

1.4 Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi holds the charge of Minister of Minority Affairs and Shri Kiren Rijju holds the charge of Minister of State for Minority Affairs. The Secretary of the Ministry is assisted by two Additional Secretaries, three Joint Secretaries, one Joint Secretary & Financial Adviser and one Deputy Director General (DDG). The Ministry has a sanctioned strength of 135 Officers/Staff and 92 Officers/ Staff are in position. The Incumbency Statement of the Ministry is given at Annexure-I and the Organization Chart is at Annexure- II. While many of the multifaceted tasks of the Ministry are undertaken by it directly, it is supported by the Officers/Organizations under its administrative control.

Allocation of Business

1.5 Subjects allocated to this Ministry as per Second Schedule to the Government of India (Allocation of Business) Rules, 1961 and amendments thereto, are:-

- i. Overall policy, planning, coordination, evaluation and review of the regulatory and development programmes of the minority communities.
- ii. All matters relating to minority communities except matters relating to law and order.
- iii. Policy initiatives for protection of minorities and their security in consultation with other Central Government Ministries and State Governments.
- iv. Matters relating to Linguistic Minorities and Office of the Commissioner for Linguistic Minorities.

- v. Matters relating to National Commission for Minorities Act.
- vi. Work relating to the Evacuee Waqf properties under the Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1950 (31 of 1950) (since repealed)
- vii. Representation of the Anglo-Indian community.
- viii. Protection and preservation of non-Muslim shrines in Pakistan and Muslim shrines in India in terms of the Pant-Mirza Agreement of 1955, in consultation with the Ministry of External Affairs.
- ix. Questions relating to the minority communities in neighbor countries, in consultation with the Ministry of External Affairs.
- x. Charities and charitable institutions, charitable and religious endowments pertaining to subjects dealt with in the Department.
- xi. Matters pertaining to the socio-economic, cultural and educational status of minorities, minority organizations, including the Maulana Azad Education Foundation.
- xii. The Wakf Act, 1995 (43 of 1995) and Central Wakf Council.
- xiii. The Durgah Khawaja Saheb Act, 1955 (36 of 1955).
- xiv. Funding of programmes and projects for the welfare of minorities, including the National Minorities Development and Finance Corporation.
- xv. Employment opportunities for minorities in the Central and State public sector undertakings, as also in the private sector.
- xvi. Formulation of measures relating to the protection of minorities and their security in consultation with other concerned Central Ministries and State Governments.
- xvii. National Commission for Socially and Economically Backward Sections among Religious and Linguistic Minorities.
- xviii. All matters relating to the Justice Sachar Committee.
- xix. Prime Minister's new 15-Point Programme for Minorities.
- xx. Any other issue pertaining to the minority communities.
- xxi. Management of Haj Pilgrimage, including administration of the Haj Committee act, 1959 (51 of 1959) and the rules made thereunder.

Use of Official Language

1.6 To ensure the compliance of Government of India's well considered Official Language Policy in the Ministry of Minority Affairs and in the offices of its administrative control, one post

each of Joint Director (OL), Assistant Director (OL), Senior Translation Officer and three posts of Junior Translation Officers have been sanctioned in the ministry.

1.6.1 All documents referred to in sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Official Languages Act such as resolutions, general orders, notifications, press releases, administrative reports and the documents to be laid in both the Houses of Parliament were issued bilingually. Letters received in Hindi are replied to in Hindi.

1.6.2 Adequate check points have been made for full compliance of Official Languages Act and its provisions.

1.6.3 Guidelines of all the schemes of the Ministry for the welfare of minorities like Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme, Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme, Merit-cum-Means Based Scholarship Scheme, Maulana Azad National Fellowship, Free Coaching and Allied Scheme related to the candidates belonging to minorities, PMJVK for minorities concentration areas, Learn and Earn, Nai Roshni Scheme for Leadership Development of minority women, Padho Pardesh, Hamari Dharohar, USTAAD, Prime Minister's 15 point programme, Nai Manzil, etc. have been published in Hindi also.

1.6.4 To monitor and evaluate the progressive usage of Hindi in the Ministry, a Departmental Official Language Implementation Committee is working under the Chairmanship of a Deputy Director General. This Committee regularly reviews the implementation of the Official Language Policy in the Ministry.

1.6.5 Hindi Pakhwada was organized in the Ministry from 16th September 2019 to 30th September 2019 and various competitions were organized in which the officers/ employees enthusiastically took part. To encourage use of Hindi in noting and drafting 'Hindi noting and drafting writing competition' was organized. 35 winners have been awarded with cash prizes.



Shri SK Dev Verman, Addl. Secretary, MA, addressing on the occasion of inauguration of Hindi Pakhwada, 2019.

Shri S.K. Dev Verman, Addl. Secretary, MA, and former DDG Smt. Rajnesh Jain. DDG is addressing on the occasion of prize distribution of Hindi Pakhwada, 2019.



Shri Sami Ahmed, US (Admin) MA, participating in Hindi competition during Hindi Pakhwara, 2019.



Shri SK Dev Verman, Addl. Secretary, MA, presenting cash prize and certificate to the winner of Hindi Pakhwada, 2019.

1.6.6 The Department of Electronics & Information Technology set up a NIC-CMF team for bilingualization of website of the ministry. With the help of NIC-CMF team the work relating to bilingualization of website has been completed. Bilingual material is available on the website of the ministry.

To simplify and to ease the official work in Hindi, the Official Language Division of the Ministry has brought out “**Rajbhasha Digdarshika**” in which English-Hindi vocabulary and English-Hindi phrases to be used in the day to day work have been included along with the important information about the official language policy of the Government of India. The important information about the official language policy of Government of India. A list of bilingual words/phrases frequently being used alongwith their usage in sentences in the ministry was sent to the Department of Official Language. The same was uploaded on the Ministry’s website too.

Vigilance Unit

1.7 Shri Jan-e-Alam, Additional Secretary (Haj & Waqf), acted as part-time Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO) of the Ministry and also acted as a link between the Ministry and the Central Vigilance Commission (CVC). The CVO looks after the vigilance work in addition to his normal duty as Additional Secretary (Haj & Waqf) in the Ministry.

1.7.1 The CVO is entrusted with the following tasks:

- All vigilance and disciplinary matters relating to the Ministry.
- Scrutiny of complaints as and when received and taking appropriate action thereon.
- Enquiry/ investigation/ inspection and follow up action on the same.
- Coordinating with the Central Vigilance Commission.
- Obtaining of advice from CVC as and when required.

- Identification of sensitive areas prone to corruption and transferring of officers in such positions from time to time, thus promoting preventive vigilance.
- Augment integrity, efficiency and transparency in the functioning of the Government.

1.7.2 Vigilance Clearance has been issued to 40 officials during the period under report.

1.7.3 Actions to be undertaken by Vigilance Section.

- To keep surveillance on identified areas of sensitive nature.
- May undertake surprise vigilance inspection in the Ministry.

Budget

1.8 An amount of Rs. 4700.00 crore was allocated to this Ministry for the various schemes/ programmes for 2019-20 which has been retained in the Revised Estimates for 2019-20. A statement showing Budget Estimates, Revised Estimates 2019-20 and actual expenditure upto 31.12.2019 is shown in **Annexure – III**.



CHAPTER-2 :**PRADHAN MANTRI JAN VIKAS KARYAKRAM (PMJVK)**

2.1. Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram (PMJVK) earlier known as Multi-Sectoral Development Programme (MsDP) is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme identified as Core of the Core schemes under National Development Agenda by the NITI Aayog. The MsDP Scheme was launched in 2008-09 with the objective of developing assets for socio-economic and basic amenities in identified Minority Concentration Areas (MCAs) for improving the quality of life of the people in these areas. The MsDP scheme was restructured in May 2018 for continuation during the remaining period of the 14th Finance Commission i.e. upto 2019-20 as PMJVK.

2.2. The MCAs are identified on the basis of concentration of minority population [Muslims, Sikhs, Christians, Budhists, Jain and Zoroastrians (Parsis)] i.e. 25% or more. In the case of States/UTs where a minority community is in majority, a lower cut-off of 15% of the minority population, other than that of the minority community in majority, in the States/UTs is adopted. In addition, criteria for backwardness are applied to identify the areas in terms of socio-economic and basic amenities parameters as compared to national average. The parameters for identification of Minority Concentration Areas (MCAs) are based on the data of Census 2011. Projects under the scheme are sanctioned for welfare of minorities, but do not exclude other population living in the catchment area.

2.3. Proposals under PMJVK are formulated at the Block/District/Town level in the State/UT and the projects recommended by the State Level Committee on PM's New 15 Point Programme are recommended to the Ministry for consideration of the Empowered Committee on PMJVK. The State Govt/UT Admn. are, however, responsible for operation of the assets from their existing resources.

2.4. Under the PMJVK scheme, projects like Residential Schools, New School Buildings, College Buildings, Student Hostels, Additional Class Rooms, Laboratory Rooms in Schools, Computer Rooms, Toilets, ITIs, Polytechnics, Skill Training Centres, Working Women Hostels, Hospitals, Health Centres, Anganwadi Centres, Drinking Water Projects, Common Service Centres, Sadbhav Mandaps, Market Sheds, Hunar Hubs etc. as proposed by the State Govts/UT Administrations are sanctioned by the Govt.

2.5. Thrust of the Programme:

At least 80% of the resources under the programme are allocated for education, health and skill development. At least 33-40% of resources are allocated for women centric projects.

2.6. Area Coverage:

Under PMJVK 109 Minority Concentration District Headquarters, 870 Minority Concentration Blocks and 321 Minority Concentration Towns have been covered. List of Minority Concentration Areas (MCAs) are available on the Ministry's website www.minorityaffairs.gov.in.

2.7. Funding Pattern:

Since PMJVK is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme, the projects are implemented on a fund sharing arrangement between the Centre and the State Govt/UT Admn in the ratio of 60:40 for all States, and 90:10 for North East States, Hilly States/UTs (J&K, Ladhak, Himachal Pradesh, Uttrakhand) & UTs with Legislation and 100% for UTs without Legislation. Proposals received from Central/State Universities/CPSEs are supported 100%. The Central Govt. releases funds in two instalments of 50% each (three instalments in case of innovative projects, 30%, 30% and 40%). The second and subsequent installment is released on utilization of the previous installments and release of corresponding share by State/UTs.

2.8. Implementing Agencies:

As a special initiative under PMJVK, other organisations like Central Government Departments/ Organizations, Central Public Sector Enterprises/Undertakings, Central Universities and Armed Police Forces can also submit proposals to the Ministry for identified backward Minority Concentration Areas. The proposals can be with or without consultation of the State Govt./UT Administration.

2.9. Land for Construction:

Land for construction of infrastructure in MCAs are provided by States/UTs including panchayat land/waqf land etc. However, according to the local need, the projects proposed on land of security organizations in border areas, land belonging to Central Government Agencies, land of Wakf or similar land from other notified Minority Community offered by respective authority/ Board, small minority community, free of any lease amount/nominal amount, for a particular period on lease would also be considered.

2.10 Budget Allocation & Expenditure(as on 31.12.2019):

(Rs. in crores)			
Year	BE	Allocation (RE)	Expenditure
2014-15	1250.00	770.94	768.20
2015-16	1251.00	1126.64	1120.73
2016-17	1125.00	1125.00	1082.78
2017-18	1200.00	1200.00	1197.66
2018-19	1320.00	1320.00	1156.07
2019-20	1470.00	1588.86	938.32 (upto 31.12.2019)

2.11 Monitoring Mechanism:

There exists a robust mechanism for monitoring of projects under the PMJVK. Besides the normal chain of monitoring through the Block Level Committee, District Level Committee and State Level Committee, the Ministry of Minority Affairs continuously reviews the progress of construction

and commissioning of the projects. Such reviews are conducted during the Empowered Committee meetings with the State authorities, through written communications to the State Governments/UT Administrations, through Conferences/ Meetings/ Discussions with the States/ UT Administrations, visits by officers from the Ministry etc. The monitoring mechanism has further been strengthened by inclusion of Online Monitoring Module, Geo-tagging, DISHA Dash Board and constitution of Screening Committee at the Ministry level.

The first meeting of Empowered Committee convened this year, was held on 17.07.2019 under the Chairmanship of Secretary(MA) at Vigyan Bahwan where department heads of all participating States/UTs were invited and status of the projects in their States/UTs were reviewed.

Recently, two meetings were held under the Chairmanship of Secretary (MA) at Indore and Mumbai to review the status of progress of projects sanctioned for MCAs of Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra.

2.12 Progress during 2019-20 (as on 31.12.2019):

- a. **Financial Progress:** During the current financial year, the Ministry convened 07 meetings of the Empowered Committee on PMJVK. The Ministry has accorded approval to projects having total cost of Rs. 2447.11 crore and Central Share of Rs. 1605.14 crore. An amount of Rs. 938.32 crore has been released by the Ministry upto 31.12.2019 in the current financial year as Central Share for the projects sanctioned under PMJVK.
- b. **Physical Progress:** Major projects sanctioned during 2019-20 include Residential Schools- 43, School Buildings - 102, Degree Colleges - 09, Additional Class Rooms -232, ACR Blocks – 108, Hostels - 104, Working Women Hostels - 5, Health Projects -225, Unani Medical College – 01, Anganwadi Centres - 64, Industrial Training Institutes - 10, Polytechnics - 5, Skill Centres - 07, Common Service Centres -116, Hunar Hubs – 07, Drinking Water Projects – 184, Toilet Units – 195, Smart Classes - 380 etc.

2.13. Progress since inception (as on 31.12.2019):

- a. **Financial progress:** A total budgetary allocation of Rs.12384.47 crore has been made available for the implementation of the programme since its inception. Against this allocation, the Ministry accorded approval for plans/projects of the States having total project cost of Rs. 19864.94 crore and central share of Rs. 14863.08 crore. An amount of Rs. 10643.96 crore has already been released by the Ministry as Central Share.
- b. **Physical Progress:** The projects sanctioned include Degree Colleges - 36, School Buildings - 2938, Industrial Training Institutes - 217, Polytechnics - 55, Hostels - 1296, Sadbhav Mandaps - 403, Common Service Centres -116; Residential Schools - 139; Skill Development Centres - 18, Hunar Hubs - 08, Working Women Hostels - 13, Pucca Houses - 359805, Health Centres - 5288, Anganwadi Centres - 41075, Additional Class Rooms - 42459, Additional Class Room Blocks - 109, Computer Rooms - 641, Smart Classes - 5445, Toilet Blocks - 6832, Drinking Water Supply Projects - 34598, Market Sheds - 630 etc.

2.14. Special achievement under PMJVK during 2019-20:-

- As part of the 100 days Action Plan of the Govt. formed in May 2019, it was decided to sanction 100 Common Service Centres in Minority Concentration Areas (MCA) under Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Yojana (PMJVK).
- CSCs are to provide for services such as e-services, skill training, coaching classes etc. under one roof. These multi-purpose centres will be maintained and managed on self-sustainable basis by the State Government/District Administration.
- 116 CSCs have been sanctioned by the Empowered Committee till 31.12.2019 - Andhra Pradesh (9), Assam (23), Arunachal Pradesh (7), Bihar (3), Haryana (2), Karnataka (10), Maharashtra (3), Odisha (2), Tripura (1), Uttar Pradesh (20), Uttarakhand (1), Chhattisgarh (5), Rajasthan (8), Telangana (11), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (1), Kerala (9), Nagaland (1).

2.14.1 PMJVK Project Photographs:



Nursing Hospital in Chanhon
MCA:- Ranchi, Distt:- Ranchi, Jharkhand



Industrial Training Institute, Ranchi
MCA :- Ranchi, Distt :- Ranchi, Jharkhand



Post Metric Girls Hostel, Haveri Town, Haveri District, Karnataka



Sub-PHC, Gotoli
MCA :- Tijara, Distt :- Alwar, Rajasthan



Community Health Centre, Pilkhuwa
MCA :- Hapur, Distt : Hapur, Uttar Pradesh



Government Inter College, Jasaura
MCA :- Kharkhuda, Distt :- Meerut, Uttar Pradesh



Government Industrial Training Institute
MCA :- Kharkhuda, Distt :- Meerut, Uttar Pradesh



Market Shed/Haat Shed
MCA :- Kaliganj, Distt : Nadia, West Bengal



Sadhbav Mandap at Churachandpur TD Block, Manipur



Sadhbav Mandap at Tamei TD Block, Tamenglong, Manipur

CHAPTER-3 :

SCHOLARSHIP SCHEMES

This Ministry is implementing following three scholarship schemes for the educational empowerment of students belonging to the six centrally notified minority communities:-

- (i) **Pre-Matric scholarship scheme;**
- (ii) **Post-Matric scholarship scheme; and**
- (iii) **Merit-cum-Means based scholarship scheme.**

To improve transparency in the implementation of the Scholarship Schemes, a new and revamped version of National Scholarship Portal (NSP) has been launched during 2016-17 for various Ministries of Government of India including Ministry of Minority Affairs. All the above Scholarship Schemes of this Ministry are implemented through this portal. The scholarships are transferred into the bank accounts of students through Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) mode.

i. PRE-MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME

3.1 The Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme for students of the Minority Communities, was approved on 30th January, 2008. It is a Central Sector Scheme with 100% Central Government funding. The students studying in India in a government/ recognised private school, who secure 50% marks in the previous examination and whose parents'/ guardians' annual income does not exceed Rs. 1.00 lakh, are eligible for award of the Pre-matric scholarship under the scheme. Under the scheme, 30 lakh fresh scholarships are awarded every year in addition to the renewals. 30% of the scholarships have been earmarked for girl students. Scholarship ranging from Rs. 1,000/- to Rs. 10,700/- is awarded to every selected student.

3.2 An outlay of Rs.2,920.92 crore has been provided for the remaining period of Fourteenth Finance Commission i.e. 2017-18 to 2019-20 to award around 165.00 Lakh fresh and renewal scholarships during the period. Rs.1078.42 crore have been released for awarding 53.11 lakh scholarships for the year 2017-18, Rs.1264.29 crore have been sanctioned for awarding 56.92 lakh scholarships for the year 2018-19. 8.72 lakh renewal scholarships amounting to Rs. 180.48 crore have been approved for disbursement so far for the year 2019-20. (Provisional figures as on 31.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues in 2019-20).

ii. POST MATRIC SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME

3.3 The Post Matric Scholarship Scheme was launched in November, 2007. It is a Central Sector Scheme. Post Matric Scholarship is awarded for studies in a Government/ recognised private higher secondary schools/colleges including residential higher secondary schools/colleges of India. Scholarship ranging from Rs. 2,300/- to Rs. 15,000/- is awarded to every selected student.

3.4 Students who secure 50% marks in the previous year's final examination and whose parents' / guardians' annual income does not exceed Rs. 2.00 lakh are eligible for award of scholarship under the scheme. 5 lakh fresh scholarships are awarded every year in addition to the

renewals. 30% of scholarships have been earmarked for girl students. In case, sufficient numbers of girl students are not available, then eligible boy students are given these scholarships.

3.5 An outlay of Rs. 1,279.08 crore has been provided for the remaining period of Fourteenth Finance Commission i.e. 2017-18 to 2019-20 to award around 22.50 lakh Fresh and renewal scholarships during the period. Rs. 413.84 crore have been released for awarding 6.98 lakh scholarships for the year 2017-18, Rs.423.18 crore have been sanctioned for awarding 6.84 lakh scholarships for the year 2018-19. More than fifty thousand renewal scholarships amounting to Rs. 30.03 crore have been approved for disbursement so far for the year 2019-20 (Provisional figures as on 30.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues on 2019-20).

iii. MERIT-CUM-MEANS BASED SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME

3.6 The Merit-cum Means Scholarship Scheme is a Central Sector Scheme, launched in 2007. Scholarships are awarded for pursuing professional and technical courses, at under-graduate and post-graduate levels, in institutions recognized by appropriate authority. Under the scheme, 60,000 fresh scholarships are to be awarded every year in addition to the renewals. 30% of these scholarships are earmarked for girl students, which may be utilized by eligible boy students, if an adequate number of eligible girl students are not available.

3.7 Eligible students admitted in any of the 85 reputed premier institutes for professional and technical courses listed under the Scheme are reimbursed full course fee. Students studying in other institutions are reimbursed a course fee of Rs. 20,000/- per annum and in addition a maintenance allowance of Rs. 5,000/- for day scholar and Rs. 10,000/- for hosteller per annum is also admissible.

3.8 The students, who have secured admission in any technical or professional institution, recognized by an appropriate authority are eligible under this scheme. In case of students admitted without a competitive examination, students should have secured not less than 50% marks in the qualifying exam at higher secondary/graduation level in case of fresh scholarship. The annual income of the family from all sources should not exceed Rs.2.50 lakh.

3.9 An outlay of Rs. 1,138.32 crore has been provided for the remaining period of Fourteenth Finance Commission i.e. 2017-18 to 2019-20 to award around 4.20 Lakh fresh and renewals scholarships during the period. Rs.324.86 crore have been released for awarding 1.19 lakh scholarships for the year 2017-18, Rs.315.93 crore have been sanctioned for awarding 1.18 lakh scholarships for the year 2018-19. More than sixteen thousand renewal scholarships amounting to Rs. 43.42 crore have been approved for disbursement so far for the year 2019-20 (provisional figures as on 30.12.2019; disbursement of scholarship continues in 2019-20).



CHAPTER-4 :

MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL FELLOWSHIP

4.1 The Maulana Azad National Fellowship (MANF) scheme for Minority Students was launched on 11th April, 2009 as a Central Sector Scheme (CSS). The Scheme is implemented through University Grants Commission (UGC). 100% Central assistance is provided under the Scheme. The objective of the Scheme is to provide fellowships in the form of financial assistance to students from six notified minority communities, to pursue higher studies such as M.Phil and Ph.D. The Fellowship covers all Universities/Institutions recognized by the University Grants Commission (UGC). The fellowship holders under this Fellowship are known as Ministry of Minority Affairs scholars. 30% of the fellowships have been earmarked for female candidates. In case there is shortage of female candidates, the fellowship can be passed on to male candidates of the same minority community. Prior clearance of CBSE-NET/ CSIR-NET examination is a prerequisite for award of fellowship under this scheme.

4.2 The scheme has been approved for its continuation beyond the 12th Five Year Plan period and up to the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission i.e. upto 2019-20 with some modifications.

4.3 In the revised scheme the number of Fellowships has been increased from 756 to 1,000 for the years 2018-19 & 2019-20. The annual income ceiling of the parents/guardian of the candidate to be eligible for availing of the fellowship has been increased from Rs. 2.50 lakh to Rs. 6.0 lakh. The fellowship amount to the selected candidates is disbursed in Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) mode and credited directly into the account of the beneficiary.

4.4 An outlay of Rs. 494.40 crores was approved for the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission (2017-18 to 2019-20) to provide financial assistance in form of fellowship to 2,756 fresh scholars in addition to the renewals.

4.5 During the year 2018-19, 1,000 fresh applicants were awarded fellowship and an amount of Rs. 97.85 crores was released to UGC for disbursement of fellowship to the eligible scholars, while during the year 2019-20, an amount of Rs. 100.00 crore has been released to UGC upto 31st December, 2019 for disbursement of MANF fellowship to the eligible scholars.



CHAPTER-5 :

NAYA SAVERA

(Free Coaching and Allied Scheme for Minority Students/ Candidates)

5.1 The “Free Coaching and Allied Scheme for the candidates belonging to “minority communities” was launched on 17th July 2007 by this Ministry.

5.2 The objective of the scheme is to assist students/candidates belonging to the notified minority communities by way of special coaching for qualifying examinations for admission in technical/professional courses and competitive examination for recruitment to Group ‘A’, ‘B’ & ‘C’ services and other equivalent posts under the Central and State Governments including public sector undertakings, banks, railways etc.

5.3 The scheme has been approved with some modification in 2017-18, for its continuation beyond the 12th Five Year plan period and for the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission, i.e. till 2019-20.

5.4 As per the revised scheme, students/candidates belonging to the notified Minority Communities, having total family income from all sources not exceeding Rs.6.00 lakh per annum, is eligible for availing of the benefit of the scheme. The organizations/implementing agencies need to obtain income certificate from the concerned student/candidate issued by the competent authorities in the respective States/UTs. 30% of the numbers sanctioned for coaching have been earmarked for girl students/candidates. In case, the sufficient number of eligible female candidates/ students are not available, the remaining slots can be filled by male students/candidates with prior permission/intimation to the Ministry.

5.5 A New Component under Free Coaching & Allied Scheme was added from 2013-14 for focused preparation of Minority Students at classes 11 & 12 with Science subjects viz (Physics, Chemistry, Biology and/or Mathematics), and it is being implemented in States/UTs subject to availability of eligible institutions/organizations and sufficient funds. In the revised Scheme, a one year residential coaching programme for the students who have passed 12th class with 75% marks with science subjects has also been added.

5.6 Apart from above, a special residential coaching programme has also been added for composite preparation of Civil Service Exams. However, students who take residential coaching for composite preparation of Civil Services exam, are then not eligible for taking financial support under the “Nai Udaan” Scheme of the Ministry.

5.7 Under the scheme, fund is provided to the selected coaching institutions/organizations for imparting free coaching to minority students for preparation of entrance examinations/ competitive exams for professional courses and government jobs. The rate of coaching fees

payable to the coaching institutions/organizations and stipend amount to the students are given below:

Type of Coaching	Coaching fee per Candidate	Amount of Stipend per Month per student	Duration
Residential coaching programme for composite preparation of Civil Service Exams	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum of Rs. 1.00 lakh	No stipend to be paid. Residential programme with free boarding and lodging.	9 months
Group 'A' Services	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum ceiling of Rs. 50,000/-	Rs. 2500/- per month	6 months
Entrance examination for technical/ professional Courses	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum ceiling of Rs. 50,000/-	-Do-	6 months
Group 'B' Services	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum ceiling of Rs. 30,000/-	-Do-	4 months
Group 'C' Services	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum ceiling of Rs. 20,000/-	-Do-	3 months
New Component (Focused preparation for Engineering/Medical entrance exams)	As fixed by the institute, subject to a maximum ceiling of Rs. 1.0 lakh	No stipend to be paid. Residential programme with free boarding and lodging	8-10 months

5.8 An outlay of Rs. 238.75 crore has been approved for the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission (2017-18 to 2019-20), for providing free coaching to about 33000 students from notified minority communities.

5.9 For the financial year 2019-20, allocation of 9630 students has been given to the empanelled coaching institutions/organisations under Naya Savera scheme. Budget allocation for 2019-20 is Rs. 75.00 Crore out of which, as on 31.12.2019, Rs. 9.91 Crore have been released to various coaching institutions/organizations.



CHAPTER-6 :

NAI UDAAN

(Support for Minority Students clearing Prelims conducted by Union Public Service Commission (UPSC), Staff Selection Commission (SSC), State Public Service Commissions (SPSCs) etc.)

6.1 The objective of the Scheme is to provide financial support to the minority candidates who clear the preliminary examinations conducted by Union Public Service Commission, Staff Selection Commission and State Public Service Commissions. The financial support is intended to adequately equip the candidates from minority communities to compete in the Civil Services Examination of the Union and the State Governments, and to increase their representation in the Central/ State Governments.

6.2 The scheme has been approved with some modifications in 2017-18, for its continuation beyond the 12th Five Year plan period and for the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission, i.e. till 2019-20.

6.3 The Scheme has been further revised in 2019-20 and the number of candidates to be provided financial support has been increased from 2000 to 5100, and additional examinations conducted by UPSC, SSC and State PSCs have also been included in the Scheme. The family income limit for availing the benefit of the scheme has also been enhanced from Rs. 6 lakh per annum to Rs. 8 lakh per annum.

6.4 The financial support can be availed by a candidate only once. The candidate will not be eligible to avail benefit from any other similar Scheme of the Central or State Governments /UT Administrations.

6.5 Selection of the candidates is based on exam wise/community wise numbers of slots fixed under the Scheme. The rate of financial assistance is Rs. One lakh (Rs. 1,00,000/-) for clearing Preliminary exams conducted by Union Public Service Commissions; Rs. Fifty Thousand (Rs.50,000/-) for clearing prelims exam conducted by State Public Service Commissions etc. (Gazetted post); and Rs. Twenty Five Thousand (Rs. 25,000/-) for clearing preliminary exam conducted by Staff Selection Commissions-Combined Graduate Level (SSC-CGL/ CAPF) and prelims exam conducted by State Public Service Commissions for Non- Gazetted Post.

6.6 The eligible candidates can apply online on www.naiudaan-moma.gov.in, for availing of the benefit under the Scheme within one month from the date of declaration of result. The financial assistance is credited directly into the account of the beneficiaries.

6.7 During the Financial Year 2019-20 (as on 31.12.2019), financial support of Rs 5.01 crore has been provided to 885 candidates, who have cleared Prelims conducted by UPSC, SSC and various SPSCs.



CHAPTER-7 :

PADHO PARDESH**(Scheme of Interest Subsidy on Educational Loans for Overseas Studies for the Students Belonging to the Minority Communities)**

7.1 The objective of the Scheme is to award interest subsidy on educational loan for studying abroad to meritorious students belonging to economically weaker sections of six notified minority communities. The scheme provides them better opportunities for higher education abroad and enhances their employability. This is a Central Sector Scheme under which interest subsidy is provided against the interest payable during the period of moratorium on the education loan taken by the student to pursue approved courses of study abroad at Masters and M.Phil/Ph.D levels. The interest subsidy under the scheme shall be available to the eligible students only once, either at Masters, M.Phil or Ph.D level. The scheme is implemented through a nodal bank i.e. Canara Bank as per the MOU signed between MoMA and Canara Bank.

7.2 Interest payable by the students, who have availed loan from a Scheduled bank under the Education Loan Scheme of the Indian Banks' Association (IBA), for the period of moratorium (i.e. course period, plus one year or six months after getting job, whichever is earlier) as prescribed under the Education Loan Scheme, shall be borne by the Government of India. After the period of moratorium is over, the interest on the outstanding loan amount shall be paid by the student, in accordance with the existing Educational Loan Scheme as may be amended from time to time. The Candidate shall bear the Principal amount and interest beyond moratorium period.

7.3 The total income from all sources of the employed candidate or his/her parents/guardians in case of unemployed candidate shall not exceed Rs. 6.00 lakh per annum. 35% seats will be earmarked for girl students. In case of non-availability of girl students, seats can be transferred to boy students.

7.4 The scheme has been approved by competent authority for its continuation beyond 12th five Years plan period upto the remaining period of 14th Finance Commission i.e. 2019-20.

7.5 During the year 2018-19, an amount of Rs. 45.00 crore was released to the Canara Bank for reimbursement of interest subsidy in respect of fresh plus renewal candidates under the Scheme. In the current year i.e. 2019-20, Rs 9.00 crore has been released upto 31st December, 2019 to Canara Bank for reimbursement of interest subsidy in respect of fresh plus renewal candidates.



CHAPTER-8 :

NAI ROSHNI

(Scheme for Leadership Development of Minority Women)

8.1 Ministry of Minority Affairs implements an exclusive scheme “Nai Roshni” the scheme for Leadership Development of Minority Women with an aim to empower and instill confidence in women by providing knowledge, tools and techniques for interacting with government systems, banks and intermediaries at all levels. The scheme is implemented through empanelled Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs).

8.2 It is six days (five days for residential) sensitization programme followed by handholding for a period of one year on specific training modules designed by the Ministry covering issues relating exclusively to women through participation in decision making, Educational programmes for women, Health and Hygiene, Legal rights of women, Financial Literacy, Digital Literacy, Swachh Barat, Life Skills, and Advocacy for social and Behavioural change.

8.3 In 2015-16, Ministry has launched an Online Application Management System (OAMS) which has brought transparency, simplified online application procedure, curtailed delays and enabled online issue of sanctions.

8.4 Since inception, training of more than 3.94 lakh women have been sanctioned across the country in 27 States with an amount of Rs. 105.54 crore. The implementation of the scheme is monitored by District Administration.

8.5 The scheme “Nai Roshni” has been approved for 3 more years i.e. remaining period of 14th Financial Commission (2017-20) with revised guidelines, with special emphasis on identification of those women who are willing and can be further trained under any short duration training for Economic empowerment besides general handholding so that they could get sustainable economic livelihood opportunities through suitable wage employment or self-employment/ micro enterprises, which includes programme for Handicapped Women to cover one and a half (1.5) lakh minority women during balance period of 14th Finance Commission i.e. from 2017-18 to 2019-20 or 50,000 women in each Financial year.



CHAPTER-9 :

HAMARI DHAROHAR

(Scheme to preserve rich Heritage of Minority communities of India under the overall concept of Indian culture)

9.1 “Hamari Dharohar” which is a Central Sector scheme has been formulated to preserve rich heritage of minority communities of India. The objectives of the scheme are to curate rich heritage of minorities under overall concept of Indian Culture, curating exhibitions, preservation of literature/ documents etc., support and promotion of calligraphy etc. and Research & Development.

9.2 The following activities have been undertaken so far under the Scheme:-

- Three exhibitions - “The Everlasting Flame”, “Threads of Continuity” and “Across the Oceans and Flowing Silks” were held during 2015-16 to exhibit Parsi culture.
- Project implemented by Dairatul Maarifil Osmania, Osmania University for translation of 240 documents belonging to medieval period from Arabic to English, their digitization and re-printing.
- During 2018-19, Ministry has successfully organized two Mushairas (in Delhi & in Mumbai) under the scheme “Hamari Dharohar” through Maulana Azad Education Foundation (MAEF) on the subject “Gandhi-150 Mushaira” to commemorate 150th birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi from 2nd Oct, 2018.
- A Sufi Musical Programme by Annu Kapoor Films Pvt. Ltd. was also organized under Hamari Dharohar scheme on 29.12.2018 during “Hunar Haat” organized in Mumbai.



CHAPTER-10 :

NAI MANZIL

(An integrated education and livelihood initiative for the minority communities)

10.1 Nai Manzil Scheme was launched on 8th August, 2015 at Patna, Bihar and was fully rolled out in the year 2016-17. The Scheme aims to benefit the minority youth, who do not have formal school leaving certificate, i.e. those in the category of school- dropouts or have been educated in community education institutions like Madarsas and others, by providing them formal education and skill training thus enabling them to seek better employment and livelihoods.

10.2 The Scheme provides education bridge program to eligible minority youth, to obtain open schooling certification of class (OBE) 8th / (Secondary) 10th along with imparting high-quality skill training including soft skills. The Scheme also provides job placement support to assist sustainable employment.

10.3 Nai Manzil scheme has been approved with the cost of Rs.650 Crore for five years with 50% funding from the World Bank. Nai Manzil Scheme is the first World Bank supported programme for minority welfare in the Ministry of Minority Affairs (Govt. of India). The scheme is also noteworthy as it combines education with skills for school dropouts to significantly enhance the employability of the beneficiaries.

10.4 The Scheme targets school dropout minority youth from BPL families in the age group of 17-35 years. The minority beneficiaries to be covered are primarily from Minority Concentrated Areas (MCA). Certain particular pockets of concentration of minority population within non-minority district or city are also considered. In order to promote inter-community solidarity, 15% candidates belonging to BPL families of non-minority communities are also covered. The scheme envisages benefiting about 100000 beneficiaries in five years.

10.5 Number of PIAs Implementing Nai Manzil Scheme



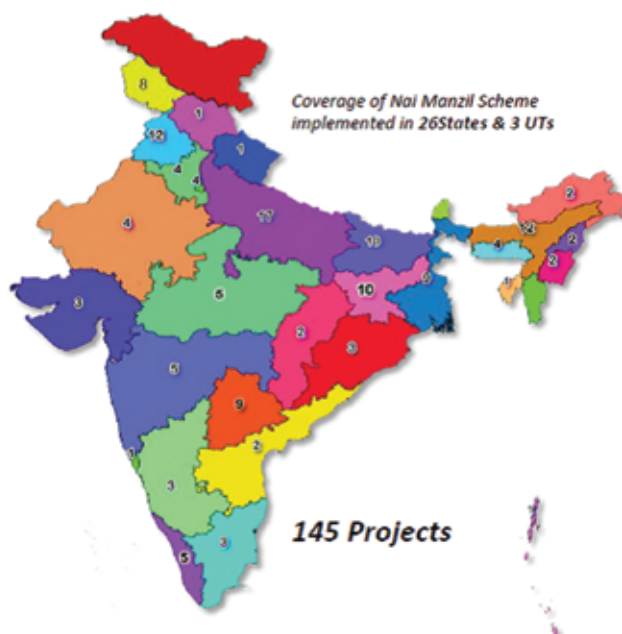
10.6 The scheme is being implemented in two phases i.e. Phase – I and Phase – II. During first Phase the Scheme was implemented by 38 Project Implementing Agencies (PIAs), through 72 projects spread across the Country in 22 states. While in Phase – II, 73 projects were sanctioned, providing non- residential integrated education and skill training for 9 to 12 months, of which a minimum of 3 months is earmarked for skill training compliant with the National Skills Qualifications Framework (NSQF). After completion of skill training as per the defined framework, the beneficiaries are placed in jobs appropriate to their qualifications.

10.7 To manage day to day functions of the Scheme a Project Management Unit (PMU) has been set up within the Ministry consisting of eight technical experts i.e. Team Leader, Education and Skills Specialist, Communication Specialist, MIS Specialist, Procurement Specialist, Finance Management Specialist, M&E Specialist and System Analyst.

10.8 Out of 99980 target beneficiaries 69840 beneficiaries were covered in Phase – I through 72 projects implemented by 32 PIAs. In the second phase 30140 beneficiaries were covered through 73 Projects by 73 PIAs. Total 88 PIAs implement the Scheme through 145 projects covering 26 States and 3 Union Territories.

Coverage of Nai Manzil Scheme implemented in 26 States & UTs

Sr No.	State/UT	Projects
1	Uttar Pradesh	17
2	Assam	12
3	Punjab	12
4	Bihar	10
5	Jharkhand	10
6	Kerala	5
7	West Bengal	9
8	Jammu & Kashmir	8
9	Maharashtra	5
10	Telangana	9
11	Delhi	4
12	Madhya Pradesh	5
13	Meghalaya	4
14	Rajasthan	4
15	Gujarat	3



Sr No.	State/UT	Projects
16	Haryana	4
17	Nagaland	2
18	Odisha	3
19	Tamil Nadu	3
20	Andhra Pradesh	2
21	Arunachal Pradesh	2
22	Chhattisgarh	2
23	Karnataka	3
24	Manipur	2
25	Andaman & Nicobar	1
26	Goa	1
27	Himachal Pradesh	1
28	Tripura	1
29	Uttarakhand	1
Total		145

10.9 For the year 2018-19, Rs.120 Crores were earmarked (Revise Estimate for FY 2018-19) for implementation of the Nai Manzil Scheme, out of which Rs 93.73 Crores were utilized. To facilitate Scheme implementation, three external technical support agencies i.e. Agency for the Verification of project disbursement linked Indicators (DLI), Technical Support Agency for Monitoring & Evaluation, Agency for developing IEC strategy and Implementation Plan were hired / empanelled during the year 2018-19.

10.10 The Steering Committee (SC) meeting is planned on 3rd March, 2020 under the Chairmanship of Secretary (MA) to provide overall supervision and guidance to the implementation of Nai Manzil Scheme. In the year 2019–20, Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) meeting was held in the month of August, 2019. The TAC provides need based advice on curriculum outreach, social inclusion and gender equality, IEC and networking and collaboration with CSOs and community leaders. Three regional workshops-cum-review meeting were held to help the PIAs better implement the project on ground and pass on the benefits of the scheme to the citizens of India. These workshops were conducted in Guwahati, Hyderabad and Delhi. Moreover training on PFMS for the PIAs has been done in Kolkata, Delhi and Chennai in collaboration with Public Finance Management System (PFMS) and Institute of Government Accounts & Finance (INGAF).

10.11 The scheme has so far enrolled 97618 beneficiaries in education component (Phase I & II) out of which 50605 (51.83 %) are women. 57200 beneficiaries have received skill certification. In furtherance, out of the beneficiaries that have been certified under the skill component, 14,874 have been successfully placed in jobs.* The beneficiaries enrolled for the integrated education and skill program under Nai Manzil are 75% Muslims, 8% Sikhs, 7 % Christians and 6 % belong to

other religious groups. The demographic composition of the beneficiaries account to 9 % from Scheduled Tribe(ST), 6 % from Scheduled Caste(SC), 32 % from Other backward classes (OBC), and 42% from General category.*

10.12 PIAs have developed ways to take feedback from the beneficiaries to improve the implementation. Moreover, post placement PIAs continue to provide constant counselling in person and phone to the placed beneficiaries to sustain the output of the scheme.

**Excel based NMIS – Updated 31st December 2019*

Glimpses of NAI MANZIL



CHAPTER-11 :

SCHEME-WISE ALLOCATION OF BUDGET FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF VARIOUS PROGRAMMES IN NORTH EASTERN REGION FOR THE YEAR 2019-20

S. No.	Name of the Scheme	BE 2019-20	RE 2019-20
1	Merit-cum-Means scholarship for professional and technical courses for minorities	36.00	36.00
2	Pre-Matric Scholarship for Minorities	90.00	90.00
3	Post-Matric Scholarship for Minorities	40.00	40.00
4	Grant-in-Aid to State Channelizing Agencies (SCAs) engaged for implementation in NMDFC programmes	0.30	0.30
5	Scheme for Leadership Development of Minority Women	1.50	1.50
6	Quami Waqf Board Tarqqiati Scheme	1.30	1.30
7	National Fellowship for Students from Minority Communities	18.00	18.00
8	Skill Development Initiatives	25.00	25.00
9	Investment in Public Enterprises, NMDFC	10.00	10.00
10	Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakaram	212.55	212.55
11	Support for Students clearing Prelims conducted by UPSC, SSC etc.	2.00	2.00
12	Free Coaching & Allied Scheme for Minorities	8.00	8.00
13	Nai Manzil	14.00	14.00
14	USTAAD	4.00	4.00
15	Maulana Azad Education Foundation	15.00	15.00
	Grand Total	477.65	477.65

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CHAPTER-12 :

SEEKHO AUR KAMAO (Learn & Earn)

(Skill Development Initiative for Minorities)

12.1 Ministry has launched “Seekho aur Kamao (Learn & Earn)”, a placement linked Skill Development scheme for Minorities in 2013. The scheme aims to upgrade the skills of minority youth in various modern/traditional skills depending upon their qualification, present economic trends and market potential, which can earn them suitable employment or make them suitably skilled to go for self-employment.

12.2 The scheme is implemented through Selected Project Implementing Agencies (PIAs)

12.3 Ministry has also launched an Online portal of Seekho aur Kamao i.e. www.seekhoaurkamao-moma.gov.in for Management Information System (MIS) with details of Project Implementing Agencies (PIAs), trainees, trainers, location of projects etc. are in public domain. Further, important information about Project Implementing Agencies, training centres, locations, trainees, sector of training etc., are made available through logins for monitoring purposes of the division.

12.4 Under the scheme, Common Norms of Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSDE) for skill development program are followed. National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF) compliant courses are taken up. In addition, traditional skills being practiced by the minority communities are also taken up for up-gradation and market linkages.

12.5 The scheme ensures placements of minimum 75% trainees, out of which at least 50% placement is in organized sector.

12.6 Post placement tracking of trainees is mandatory for PIAs for one year. During the post placement tracking, particularly for those who are engaged in organized sector, PIAs are required to maintain information bank account number of the placed candidates, salary slips etc.

12.7 Minimum 33% seats are earmarked for minority girls/ women under the scheme.

12.8 During 2013-14, Rs.17.00 Crore was released for skill development training of 20,164 minority youths. Out of them 19524 candidates were trained and 15,247 candidates were placed.

12.9 During 2014-15, Rs. 46.21 crore was released for training of 20,720 trainees. Out of them, 20,686 minority youth were trained and 15694 trainees were placed.

12.10 During 2015-16, Rs. 191.96 crore was released for training of 1,23,330 minority youths. As per reports received, training of 96,494 minority youths have been completed and out of them 45496 trainees have been placed.

12.11 During 2016-17, Rs. 204.93 Crore was released for skill training of 64,574 minority youths. As per reports received, training of 62,124 minority youths have been completed.

12.12 During 2017-18, 1,20,000 trainees were allocated to 134 PIAs. An amount of Rs.186 crore was released for training of minority youths during financial year 2017-18. As per reports received, training of 83,309 minority youths have been completed.

12.13 During 2018-19, 1,20,500 trainees were allocated to 233 PIAs. An amount of Rs.175.73 crore was released for training of minority youths. Till 31.12.2019, training of 58,606 minority youth has been allocated. Efforts have been made to align the monitoring and assessment standards with those of National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC), Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSDE).

12.14 In addition, 30,000 trainees have been allocated to Maulana Azad Educational Foundation (MAEF) and National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) during 2019-20.



CHAPTER-13 :

USTTAD

(Upgrading the Skills and Training in Traditional Arts/ Crafts for Development)

13.1 USTTAD (Upgrading the Skills and Training in Traditional Arts/ Crafts for Development) was formally launched on 14th May, 2015 at Varanasi (U.P.).

13.2 The scheme aims at capacity building and upgrading of the traditional skills of master craftsmen and artisans; documentation of identified traditional arts/crafts of minorities; set standards of traditional skills; training of minority youths in various identified traditional arts/crafts through master craftsmen; develop national and international market linkages; and preservation of languishing Arts/Crafts.

13.3 The Ministry has engaged the institutions of national repute namely, National Institute of Fashion Technology (NIFT), National Institute of Design (NID) and Indian Institute of Packaging (IIP) to work in various craft clusters for design intervention; product range development; packaging; exhibitions, tying up with e-marketing portals to enhance sales; and brand building.

13.4 Out of earmarked Budget of Rs. 17.01 crore for 2015-16, Rs. 16.90 crore (more than 99%) was utilized.

13.5 During 2016-17, Rs 20.00 Crore was earmarked for training in traditional crafts in 2016-17. Total 16,200 trainees were sanctioned to Project Implementing Agencies (PIAs) for implementation of scheme in 11 States and Rs. 19.77 crore have been released to 38 PIAs.

13.6 Further, Hunar Haat is implemented as a component of USTTAD scheme of Ministry of Minority Affairs. So far, 16 Hunar Haats have been organized (including 05 Hunar Haats organized up to 31.12.2019 during the financial year 2019-20) through NMDFC and MAEF since November, 2016, at the following venues/cities:

- (a) India International Trade Fair (IITF), New Delhi (2016, 2017, 2018 & Nov. 2019),
- (b) Baba Khark Singh Marg, New Delhi (Feb. 2017, Feb. 2018 & Jan. 2019),
- (c) Puducherry (Sep. 2017, Oct. 2018),
- (d) Mumbai (Jan. 2018 & Dec. 2018, Dec. 2019),
- (e) Jaipur (Aug-Sep. 2019)
- (f) Prayagraj (Sep. 2018 & Nov. 2019)
- (g) Ahmedabad (Dec. 2019)

13.7 A total of 84 Project Implementing Agencies have been empanelled under the USTTAD scheme for the year 2018-19 and 2019-20. During the financial year 2019-20, out of earmarked budget of Rs.50.00 Crore (BE), Rs. 28.92 has been utilized till 31.12.2019.



Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi inaugurated Hunar Haat at Ahmedabad, Gujarat



Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi at Hunar Haat, Ahmedabad, Gujarat



Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi inaugurated Hunar Haat at IITF, Pragati Maidan, New Delhi.



Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi and Shri Kiren Rijju, Hon'ble Minister of State for Minority Affairs visiting Hunar Haat at IITF, Pragati Maidan, New Delhi.



Secretary (Minority Affairs), Additional Secretary (MA) and CMD(NMDFC) at Hunar Haat, Jaipur

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CHAPTER-14 :

JIYO PARSI

(Scheme for containing population decline of Parsis in India)

14.1 For containing the population decline of the Parsi community, a Central Sector Scheme 'Jiyo Parsi' was launched during 2013-14. The objective of this scheme is to reverse the declining trend of Parsi population by adopting a scientific protocol and structured interventions to stabilize their population and balance their population in India.

14.2 The Scheme is implemented by the Parzor Foundation with the help of the Bombay Parsi Panchayat (BPP) and through the organizations/societies/Anjumans and Panchayat of the community concerned, in existence for not less than three years.

14.3 The Scheme has been revised w.e.f 29.09.2017 by adding a new component i.e. Health of the Community, under the Scheme. It covers crèche/childcare support, senior citizen honorarium for childcare, assistance to elderly. The component of assistance for elderly dependents is envisaged to provide monetary assistance to Parsi couples with family income below Rs. 10 lakhs who have elderly members residing with the family and in cases where such responsibility is a deterrent to starting or increasing the number of children.

14.4 There are three components under the scheme namely, Advocacy, Health of the Community and Medical Assistance. Total budgetary provision of Rs. 12 Crore for these three components has been made for implementation of the scheme during 2017-2018 to 2019-2020.

14.5 During the year 2019-20 (as on 31/12/2019), out of total budget allocation of Rs. 4.0 Crore an amount of Rs. 3.45 Crore has been released to the implementing agency. As on 31/12/2019, 230 babies have been born with the assistance of the Jiyo Parsi Scheme, since inception of the Scheme.



CHAPTER-15 :

GRANT-IN-AID TO STATE CHANNELISING AGENCIES OF NATIONAL MINORITIES DEVELOPMENT & FINANCE CORPORATION (NMDFC)

15.1 The National Minorities Development and Finance Corporation implements its schemes primarily through the State Channelising Agencies (SCAs) nominated by the respective State Governments/UT Administrations. The SCAs identify beneficiaries, channelize concessional credit and make recoveries from the beneficiaries.

15.2 Weak infrastructure of SCAs impedes in Credit Delivery and in order to strengthen the infrastructure of SCAs, the Ministry had launched GIA scheme in the year 2007-08. Under the scheme, 100% assistance is provided by the Central Govt, to the SCAs through NMDFC. The scheme provides liberty to the SCAs to utilize funds as per their need. The detail of amount allocated and released by the Ministry for this scheme during the last five years and current year is as under:-

(Rs. in crore)

Year	BE	RE	Amount Released
2014-15	2.00	2.00	2.00
2015-16	2.00	2.00	2.00
2016-17	2.00	2.00	1.27
2017-18	2.00	2.00	0.30
2018-19	2.00	2.00	2.00
2019-20	2.00	2.00	1.43 (Till Dec 2019)

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CHAPTER-16 :

COMMISSIONER FOR LINGUISTIC MINORITIES IN INDIA

16.1 The Office of the Commissioner for Linguistic Minorities (CLM) was established in July, 1957, in pursuance of the provision under Article 350-B of the Constitution. It came into existence as a result of the Constitution (7th Amendment) Act, 1956 consequent to the recommendation of the States Reorganization Commission (SRC). Article 350-B envisages investigation by CLM of all matters relating to the safeguards provided for the linguistic minorities in India under the Constitution and reporting to the President upon these matters at such intervals as the President may direct and the President causes all such reports to be laid before each House of the Parliament and sent to the Government/Administrations of States/UTs concerned. The CLM Organization has its headquarters at Delhi with three Zonal Offices at Belagavi, Chennai and Kolkata. The CLM interacts with States/UTs on all the matters pertaining to the issues concerning implementation of the Constitutional and nationally agreed Safeguards provided to linguistic minorities. The 52nd Report of the Commissioner for Linguistic Minorities was laid on the table of the Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha on 03rd May, 2016 and 04th May, 2016 respectively.

Constitutional Safeguards for Linguistic Minorities

16.2 Under the Constitution of India, certain Safeguards have been granted to the religious and linguistic minorities. Article 29 and Article 30 of the Constitution envisage protection of the interests of minorities and recognize their right to conserve their distinct language, script or culture and to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice. Article 347 makes provision for presidential direction for recognition of any language spoken by a substantial proportion of the population of a State or any part thereof for such purpose as the President may specify. Article 350 gives the right to submit representation for redressal of grievances to any authority of the Union or a State in any of the languages used in the Union/States. Article 350A provides for instruction in the mother tongue at the Primary stage of education to children belonging to linguistic minority groups. Article 350B provides for a Special Officer designated as Commissioner for Linguistic Minorities to investigate all matters relating to the safeguards provided for linguistic minorities under the Constitution.

Functions and activities of the CLM organization

16.3 The CLM Organization takes up all matters relating to safeguards for linguistic minorities brought to their notice by linguistic minorities-individuals/groups/associations/organization. The CLM personally visits linguistic minority areas and educational institutions for an on-the-spot assessment of the status of implementation of the scheme of safeguards. In this connection the Commissioner holds discussions, when required, with the Chief Ministers, Governors and Lt. Governors of the States, Union Territories. The CLM also holds discussions at the highest levels of administration viz. Chief Secretary, Principal Secretary, (Education) and Principal Secretaries of the Departments entrusted with the monitoring of the implementation of the scheme of Safeguards for linguistic minorities.



CHAPTER-17 :

NATIONAL COMMISSION OF MINORITIES (NCM)

17.1 In January, 1978, Government of India, vide an executive order, set up a “Minorities Commission” to safeguard the interests of minorities. With the enactment of the National Commission for Minorities Act, 1992, the Minorities Commission became a statutory body and was renamed as the “National Commission for Minorities”.

17.2 The first statutory commission was constituted on 17th May, 1993. The Government of India vide Notification dated 23rd October, 1993 notified five religious communities viz. Muslims, Christians, Sikhs, Buddhists and Zoroastrians (Parsis) as minority communities under Section 2(c) of the NCM Act, 1992. Vide Government of India notification dated 27th January, 2014, Jains have been notified as minority community under Section 2(c) of the National Commission for Minorities Act, 1992.

17.3 In terms of Section 3(2) of NCM Act, 1992, the Commission shall consist of a Chairperson, a Vice Chairperson and five members to be nominated by the Central Government from amongst persons of eminence, ability and integrity. Five members including the Chairperson are from amongst the minority communities. In accordance with Section 4(1) of the NCM Act, 1992, each member including the Chairperson holds office for a period of three years from the date of assumption of office.

17.4. The main functions of the Commission are to evaluate the progress of the development of minorities, monitor the working of the safeguards provided in the Constitution and in laws enacted by the Central Government/State governments, for the protection of the interests of minorities and look into specific complaints regarding deprivation of the rights of minorities. It also causes studies, research and analysis to be undertaken on the issues relating to socio economic and educational development of minorities and make recommendations for the effective implementation of the safeguards for the protection of the interests of minorities.

17.5 As on 31.12.2019, the Commission consists of the following persons:

- | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| i) | Shri Syed Ghayorul Hasan Rizvi | - Chairman |
| ii) | Shri George Kurian | - Vice Chairman |
| iii) | Shri Sunil Singhi | - Member |
| iv) | Ms.Sulekha Kumbhare | - Member |
| v) | Shri Khurshed K. Dastoor | - Member |
| vi) | Shri Manjit Singh Rai | - Member |
| vii) | Shri Atif Rasheed | - Member |

17.6 The National Commission for Minorities, in accordance with Section 12 of the National Commission for Minorities Act, 1992, prepares and submits its Annual report to the Ministry. In accordance with Section 13 of the NCM Act, 1992, the Annual report of the Commission, together with a Memorandum of Action Taken on the recommendations contained therein, in so far as they relate to the Central Government, and the reasons for the non-acceptance, if any, of

any such recommendation, is to be laid before each House of Parliament. Recommendations pertaining to various State Governments/UT Administrations are forwarded to them by NCM to take necessary action in accordance with Section 9(3) of the NCM Act, 1992.

17.7 The National Commission for Minorities has submitted Annual Reports up to the year 2017-18 to the Ministry for laying in the Parliament.

17.8 State Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, National Capital Region of Delhi, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Telengana, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, and West Bengal have set up State Minorities Commissions.



CHAPTER-18 :

WAQF ADMINISTRATION, CENTRAL WAQF COUNCIL AND NATIONAL WAQF DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Ministry of Minority Affairs is responsible for implementation of the Waqf Act, 1995, which came into force with effect from 1st January, 1996. The Act was last amended in 2013. The Act extends to whole of India. Thirty two States/UTs have constituted Waqf Boards under this Act.

18.1. The Waqf Division is implementing following two schemes:

18.1.1 Qaumi Waqf Board Taraqqiati Scheme (QWBTS) (formerly known as Scheme of Computerization of Records & Strengthening of State Waqf Boards)

The component wise detail of scheme is furnished as under:-

Component-I : Computerization of Records of State Waqf Boards:

The scheme is intended to help streamlining record keeping, introduce transparency, and to computerize the various functions/processes of the Waqf Boards. For this purpose, a web-based software application namely Waqf Management System of India (WAMSI) was developed by NIC for keeping the centralized database covering the following four modules:

- (i) Registration of Waqfs
- (ii) Mutawalli returns assessments
- (iii) Leasing details of properties
- (iv) Litigation tracking

The scheme of Computerization of Records of State Waqf Boards has been modified and following new provisions have been added in the modified scheme:-

- i. Financial Assistance @ Rs.550/- per Waqf Property is provided to SWB for collection of coordinates of Waqf Property for GIS Mapping.
- ii. Financial Assistance for deployment of manpower in form of Assistant Programmer through outsource agency will be provided to facilitate SWBs to complete data entry in WAMSI Modules,
- iii. Financial Assistance is provided for maintenance of Centralized Computing Facility (CCF) in 32 SWBs @ Rs.3.00 lakh per annum for SWBs having more than 6000 Waqf Properties and Rs.2.00 lakh per annum for SWBs having less than 6000 Waqf Property.
- iv. One time grant @ Rs.3.00 lakh per SWB would be provided to CWC for ERP Solution for better administration of SWBs.

- v. Financial Assistance for setting up of Video Conferencing facility in SWBs & CWC.
- vi. Provision of cash award to Muttawalli/Management Committee adopting best practices in computerization of their operation.

Total 6,07,012 immovable waqf properties have been entered in WAMSI on-line Registration Module.

Component-II : Strengthening of State Waqf Boards:

The objective of this component is to strengthen the Waqf Boards resulting in a more transparent and accountable administration and management of their waqf properties and allow improvement in income generation & attaining self-sufficiency. Improvement in their capabilities will facilitate enhancement in their income that will reduce, and over the period of time, eliminate their dependence on outside financial support.

- Financial assistance to SWBs is provided to strengthen their legal & accounting section as well as for training & administrative cost of SWBs.
- Financial assistance is provided for appointment of Survey Assistant, Accountant and Legal Assistant and setting up of Zonal Office in those Waqf Boards having more number of Waqf Properties.
- Financial Assistance is provided @ Rs.3.00 lakh per SWB having more than 6000 Waqf Properties and Rs.2.00 lakh per SWB having less than 6000 Waqf Property for capacity building of Muttawalli/Management Committee.
- GIA for Survey Commissioner.
- CWC has been made Implementing Agency.

BE for FY 2019-20 is Rs.17.50 crore and an amount of Rs.11.83 crore has been released to CWC up to 31st December 2019.

Nominations for award of Excellence in Management of Waqf Institution 2019

This programme has been formulated to encourage Mutawallis/Management Committee to adopt best practices in computerization of their operations contributing towards improvement in functioning of the Waqf Institutions.

Under the Schemes, there is a provision of three types of awards to be given to best performing Mutawallis/Management Committees. (i) First Level award will carry a cash component of Rs.1.00 lakh (ii) Second Level award will carry a cash component of Rs.75,000/- and (iii) Third Level award will carry a cash component of Rs.50,000/-. Apart from these, a citation and suitable memento will also be given to each Awardee. The awards will be given once in a year. The details of Award given to Mutawallis/Management of Waqf Institution in National Conference of SWBs held in

New Delhi on 29.07.2019 for the year 2018 is as follows:-

North Zone		
S. No	Name of Board	Mutawalli/Managing Committee
1.	Haryana	Haryana Waqf Board, Graveyard Darrakalan Ambedkar Chowk, Kurushetra
2.	U.P. Sunni	Shri Sayyed Shamshad Ahmed, Dargah Sayyed Salar Masood Ghazi, waqf Number 19, Bahraich.
West Zone		
1.	M.P	Shri Shoukat Mohammad Khan, Aukaf-e-Amma Mutawalli Committee, Old DPI building, Bhopal.
2.	Maharashtra	Managing Committee, Dargah Haji Abdur Rahman Tehsil District Buldhana
South Zone		
1.	Karnataka	Managing Committee, The Muslim Orphange Dickensen Road, Bengaluru
2.	Karnataka	Managing Committee, Dargah Hazrath Khaja Bande Nawaz, Kalaburagi
3.	Kerala	Shri Haji A. Abdul Rahmaan Kollorvila Muslaimjamaath Vadakkevila, kollam-10, Kerala
East Zone		
1.	Bihar Sunni	Shri Syed Shah Hassan Mani Nadvi, Waqf Estate No. 159, Bhagalpur

100% digitization of the records of Waqf Estates

During the 100 days campaign period (July 5 to Oct 15, 2019), intensive efforts were made by the Ministry through the Central Waqf Council (CWC) to engage with the State Waqf Boards (SWBs) on a daily basis. State Governments were also approached at the highest level to push the SWBs to complete the balance work of digitization in time. Given the poor capacity of most of SWBs to undertake this kind of technical work, it was a herculean task. However, with constant engagement through letters, emails, Video conferencing, meetings and personal visits, the target of digitization was achieved in time. At the end of campaign period, 3,30,141 (98.99%) records stood digitized. All SWBs except J&K have reported 100% completion.

Despite best efforts to clean up the records, 09 SWBs have reported discrepancies in the number of Waqf Estates available with them vis-à-vis the number entered in WAMSI Portal of the Ministry. Central Waqf Council which is a Statutory Body of this Ministry has been advised to take up the matter with these 09 SWBs to resolve the discrepancies in a systematic manner to avoid any controversies.

In this connection, CWC has taken up with these 09 SWBs to reconcile the figure and submit the detailed report to the Council. The clarification from 09 SWBs and comments of CWC are still awaited.

Initiate GIS mapping in respect of all immovable Waqf properties:

At the end of the campaign period 28 out of 32 SWBs had already initiated the work of GIS Mapping in respect of Waqf Properties in their jurisdiction. Total number of 31,407 Waqf Properties out of 6,00,723 have been mapped. The work is going on in full swing, however, GIS Mapping work involves physical site visit for each property, and hence it takes a long time. The Ministry has the target to complete GIS Mapping of 50% of Waqf Properties by the end of FY 2019-20. 15 States are getting the GIS Mapping done by their own agencies. The remaining 13 SWBs are using services of IIT Roorkee (03), Jamia Millia Islamia (04) and Aligarh Muslim University (06). Sufficient fund is available under the Qaumi Waqf Board Taraqqiati Scheme (BE 2019-20 Rs.17.50 crore) which is a 100% Central Sector Scheme. Rs. 550/- per property is the rate fixed under the scheme for GIS Mapping work.

18.1.2 Shahari Waqf Sampatti VikasYojana (Formerly known as Scheme for the Development of Urban Waqf Properties)

Auqaf are permanent dedications of movable or immovable properties for the purpose recognized by the Muslim law as pious, religious or charitable. Apart from their religious aspects, the auqaf are also instruments for social welfare as the benefits accrue to the needy in social and educational fields. However, majority of the auqaf in the country have a limited and almost static income. The result is that generally the Mutawallis (Managers of the auqaf) find it difficult to adequately fulfil the intention of waqf or the purposes for which these Auqaf are created. Most of the urban waqf lands have potential for development but the Mutawallis and even the Waqf Boards are not in a position to muster enough resources or construction of modern functional buildings on these lands.

With a view to improve the financial position of auqaf and the waqf Boards and to enable them to enlarge the area of their welfare activity, the Central Government provides grant-in-aid to the Central Waqf Council for the specific purpose of advancing financial assistance to Waqf Boards/ Waqf Institutions in the country for the development of their Urban Waqf properties.

The Central Waqf Council extends loan to SWBs / Waqf Institutions for specific economically / commercially viable development projects approved by the Council. These projects include construction or reconstruction of commercially viable buildings on waqf land. The augmented income is utilized to enable the Waqf Boards/waqf to strengthen their financial position and to widen their welfare and charitable activities.

BE for FY 2019-20 is Rs.3.16 crore. An amount of Rs.1.47 crore has been released to CWC up to 31.12.2019.

18.2 CENTRAL WAQF COUNCIL

Background and the Statutory provision under Waqf Act

Central Waqf Council is the apex organization of Auqaf under the administrative control of the Ministry of Minority Affairs, which was established in 1964 under the provisions of the Waqf Act, 1954 as Advisory Body to the Central Government on matters concerning the working of the Waqf Boards and the due administration of Auqaf in the country. However, the role of

the Council was expanded after the enactment of Waqf (*Amendment*) Act, 2013 which has empowered it to advise the Central Government, State Governments and State Waqf Boards. In addition, the provision has also been incorporated under section 9(4) of the Waqf Act, 1995 as amended which has also vested with powers to the Council to issue directives to the Boards/ State Governments to furnish information to the Council on the performance of the Boards, particularly on their financial performance, survey, revenue records, encroachment of Waqf properties, Annual Report and Audit Report etc.

Present composition

The Central Waqf Council consists of Chairperson, who is the Union Minister In-charge of Waqf and such other members, not exceeding 20 in numbers from different categories as stipulated in the Act, may be appointed by the Government of India. During the period under report, Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi, Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs is the ex-officio Chairman of the Central Waqf Council. The 12th Council was constituted on 4th February, 2019 as per provision given in Sub-Section (1) and (2) of Section 9 of the Waqf Act, 1995 as amended. The office of the Central Waqf Council is housed in Central Waqf Bhawan, P-13 & 14, PushpVihar, Sector-6, Opposite Family Court, Saket, New Delhi – 110017.

Functions of Central Waqf Council

- To issue directive to the State Waqf Boards on their financial performance, survey, maintenance of Waqf deeds, revenue record, encroachment of Waqf properties, annual report and audit report.
- To advise Central Government, State Governments, State Waqf Boards on matters concerning the working of the Boards and due administration of Auqaf.
- To monitor the implementation of the provisions of Waqf Act, 1995 as amended in States and UTs.
- To render legal advice on protection and retrieval of the Waqf Properties and for removal of encroachment etc.
- To implement the Shahari Waqf Sampatti Vikas Yojana and identification of potential Waqf land for development.
- To implement Educational and Women Welfare Scheme for skill development and empowerment of the poor, especially Women.
- To implement Qaumi Waqf Board Taraqqiati Scheme.
- To seek information from the State Governments/Waqf Boards on the performance of the State Waqf Boards under Section 9(4) of the Waqf Act, 1995 as amended.
- To take up issues concerning Waqf with various departments of Central and State Governments such as ASI, Railways, Revenue and Forest etc.
- To undertake awareness programmes to promote the interest of the Council and to sensitize the Waqf institutions and Board about their roles and responsibilities.

18.3 National Waqf Development Corporation Ltd. (NAWADCO)

Background:

To facilitate development of waqf Properties, National Waqf Development Corporation Limited (NAWADCO), was established with an authorized capital of Rs. 500 crores. This Corporation is under the aegis of the Ministry of Minority Affairs (MoMA) under the Companies Act, 1956. The mandate is to develop Waqf properties on the preparedness of the interested Muttawallis/State Waqf Boards across India to enhance the income of State Waqf Boards/ Waqf Institutions for socio-economic empowerment of minorities. The shareholding pattern of the Corporation is as under:-

	Name of the Organisation	Percentage (%)
1.	National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC)	49
2.	Central Waqf Council (CWC)	09
3.	Retail Segment (Waqf Institutions & Public including corporate bodies)	42
	Total	100

I. Identification & Roadmap for Development of Waqf Properties:

NAWADCO has been able to list out about One Hundred (100) Waqf Properties across India and hosted the same on its website which could be considered by the concerned Waqf institutions for commercial development. On the basis of preparedness/ keenness of the respective State/ State Waqf Boards to arrange necessary statutory approvals so that financially viable Waqf properties could be undertaken for development by NAWADCO on mutually agreed terms and conditions and business models.

During the way forward NAWADCO has empanelled Seven (7) Globally reputed Real Estate agencies to provide Transaction Advisory services to keep itself in readiness to undertake developmental process immediately on receipt of approval from the State/ State Waqf Boards u/s 56 of extant Waqf Act to lease for a period upto 30 years.

Under Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram (PMJVK) Scheme, NAWADCO made numerous efforts and approached various Waqf Boards and was successful in submitting three (3) more proposals totalling to five (5) with project cost amounting to Rs.45.09 crores to the Ministry. Few more proposals could also have been submitted but they have been kept under abeyance for want of approval on proposals already submitted.

II. Agreements with State Waqf Boards & Progress thereupon:

- (a) Agreement for commercial development of one (1) property at Panipat was signed between the Haryana Waqf Board and NAWADCO in February, 2019. On this land parcel, feasibility study was carried out based on which the process of finalization of suitable business model is in hand in consultation with the Waqf Board.
- (b) Rajasthan Board of Muslim Waqfs has been persuaded afresh to execute Project specific Agreement for undertaking development of their waqf properties at Jaipur & Kota.

The efforts are continuing to take up projects in other states also.

- (c) NAWADCO has already signed Agreement with Karnataka State Board of Waqfs to develop three (3) Waqf properties in Bengaluru. They have been persuaded to obtain necessary statutory clearances from the State Govt. of Karnataka and review the business model adopted for development, if need be.

III. Finance:

Statutory Audit and Supplementary Audit of the company for the financial year 2018-2019 had been conducted timely and Nil Comments were issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG). Accordingly, balance sheet of the company was published on time. The accounts of the company for the financial year 2018-2019 and appointment of statutory auditors for the financial year 2019-2020 were approved by the shareholders in the sixth (6th) AGM of the company held on 30/10/2019.



Natioanl Waqf conference organised at New Delhi on 29.07.2019 under the chairmanship of Hon'ble Minister for Minority Affairs Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi.



CHAPTER-19 :

THE DURGAH KHWAJA SAHEB, AJMER

Management of Durgah Sharif, Durgah Khwaja Saheb, Ajmer

19.1 The mandate of the Dargah Committee is to provide Service to the Pilgrims through Development of infrastructure as per the provisions of Durgah Khwaja Saheb Act, 1955 and its Bye Laws 1958. As per power conferred under Durgah Khwaja Saheb Act, 1955, the Central Government has constituted Durgah Committee consisting of following 9 Members for 5 years vide Gazette Notification No. S.O.2069 dated, 05-06-2018 and S.O. 535 dated 04-02-2019 as per the details given below:-

- a) Shri Amin Pathan
- b) Shri Syed Babar Ashraf
- c) Shri Sapat Khan
- d) Shri Syed Shahid Hussain Rizvi
- e) Shri Mohd. Faruque Azam
- f) Shri Misbahul Islam
- g) Shri Munawar Khan
- h) Shri Qasim Malik
- i) Shri Wasim Rahatali Khan

Shri Amin Pathan was elected as President and Shri Syed Shahid Hussain Rizvi was elected as Vice President of the Committee.

19.2 Durgah Committee renders following services for zaireena/public:

- i. Daily presentation of flowers, sandal and candles on the Holy Shrine.
- ii. Management of Annual URS of Hazrat Khwaja Gharib Nawaz (R.A.).
- iii. Management of Muharram Sharif inside Dargah Sharif (Mini URS) and opening of Chilla Hazrat Baba Farid (R.A.).
- iv. Special Fateha Khwani at every Chathi Sharif.
- v. Fateha of Khulfa-e-Rashedeen and Buzurgan-e-Deen.
- vi. Daily Langar for poor and special Sehri / Iftar arrangement during holy month of Ramzan.
- vii. Running of Daru IUloom “Moinia Usmaniya” Dargah Sharif by providing the knowledge of Theology.

- viii. Running of Khwaja Model School, (an English Medium School) recognized by CBSE up to class XII standard. It is imparting education along with basic knowledge of Theology and Moral education to 1257 students of all communities.
- ix. Management of Gharib Nawaz Computer Centre.
- x. Stipend to widows and needy persons.
- xi. Maintenance of three separate dispensaries viz. Unani, Homeopathic & Allopathic.
- xii. Scholarships to needy and meritorious students undergoing medical, engineering and other technical courses.
- xiii. Maintenance of Eid-Gah and Financial assistance to various mosques.
- xiv. Shroud & Burial of unclaimed dead bodies.
- xv. Arrangements of filtered drinking water in Dargah Sharif Campus.
- xvi. Water arrangements for wazoo, Hot water is provided during the winter season.
- xvii. Uninterrupted electric supply.
- xviii. Maintenance of Guest House consisting of about 179 rooms.
- xix. Round the clock cleanliness in Dargah and Guest House.
- xx. Providing Shamiyanas in Dargah premises to protect the 'Zaireen' from seasonal hazards. Similarly, shelter is also provided at the time of URS and Periodical Religious Congregations.
- xxi. Payment of Huqooq (Honorarium) to hereditary staff.
- xxii. Program on National Integration.
- xxiii. Protection & periodical maintenances and development of properties and endowment.

The 807th Urs of Khwaja Gharib Nawaz was organized with traditional fervor and glory from 8th March, 2019 to 17th March, 2019.



CHAPTER-20 :

NATIONAL MINORITIES DEVELOPMENT AND FINANCE CORPORATION (NMDFC)

20.1 The National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC) was incorporated on 30th September 1994 as a non-profit company under Section 25 of the Companies' Act, 1956 (now section 8 of Companies Act, 2013). NMDFC provides concessional loans for self-employment and income generating activities for the socio- economic development of the 'backward sections' amongst the notified minorities viz., Muslims, Christians, Sikhs, Buddhists, Parsis & Jains.

20.2 The concessional credit schemes of NMDFC viz., Term Loan, Education Loan, Micro Finance & Virasat are implemented through the State Channelising Agencies (SCAs) nominated by the respective State Governments/UT Administrations.

20.3 For availing assistance under NMDFC schemes, the annual family income eligibility criterion is Rs.98,000/- for rural areas and Rs.1,20,000/- for urban areas. In order to ensure wider outreach, NMDFC has introduced higher annual family income eligibility criterion of upto Rs.6.00 lakh for providing higher quantum of loans at slightly higher interest rates.

20.4 The Government had increased the Authorized Share Capital of NMDFC from Rs.1500.00 crore to Rs.3000.00 crore in 2015 and had also revised the share holding pattern to 73:26:1 from 65:26:9 for Central Government, State Governments/UT Administrations and Institutions/Individuals respectively. The Govt. of India has contributed Rs.1700.00 crore as central equity to NMDFC till 31.12.2019 whereas States/UTs have contributed Rs.377.50 crore. From 01/04/2019 to 31/12/2019 Govt. of India contributed Rs.100.00 crores and State Govts./UT Administrations have Contributed Rs. 3.42 crores.

20.5 In addition to loaning activity, NMDFC also assists the target group under its promotional schemes viz., **Kaushal Se Kushalta Scheme, Mahila Samridhi Yojana** and Marketing Assistance. Promotional schemes are also implemented through the SCAs for capacity building of the target groups for self/wage employment.

20.6 Achievements:

- Since its inception in 1994 till 31.12.2019, NMDFC has disbursed loans amounting to 5548.93 crores to over 16.26 lacs beneficiaries.
- During 2018-19, an amount of Rs. 603.66 crores was disbursed to over 1.34 lacs beneficiaries.
- From 01/04/2019 to 31/12/2019, NMDFC has extended loans amounting to Rs. 377.11 crores to 77,110 beneficiaries under 'Term Loan' and 'Micro Finance' Schemes.

20.7 Schemes And Programmes Of NMDFC

a. Credit Schemes of NMDFC-

1. Term Loan Scheme

This scheme is for individual beneficiaries and is implemented through the SCAs. Under the Term Loan Scheme, projects costing up to Rs.20.00 Lakhs (up to Rs.30.00 Lakh for credit line-2) are considered for financing. NMDFC provides loan to the extent of 90% of the project cost. The remaining cost of project is met by the SCA and the beneficiary. However the beneficiary has to contribute minimum of 5% of the project cost. The rate of interest charged from the beneficiary is 6% per annum. For credit line-2, up to Rs.30.00 Lakh is given at the interest rate of 8% per annum for male beneficiaries and 6% per annum for women beneficiaries.

Assistance under Term Loan Scheme is available for any commercially viable and technically feasible venture, which for the purpose of convenience, are classified into the following sectors.

- a) Agriculture & allied
- b) Technical trades
- c) Small Business
- d) Artisan and traditional occupations, and
- e) Transport and services sector

2. Education Loan Scheme

This scheme is also for the individual beneficiaries and is implemented through the SCAs. The NMDFC extends educational loans with an objective to facilitate job oriented education for the eligible persons belonging to Minorities. Under this scheme, loan of up to Rs.20.00 lakh under credit line - 1 & 2 is available for 'technical and professional courses' in India having durations upto five years. Further, for courses abroad, maximum amount of Rs.30.00 lakhs is available under credit line-1 & 2 for a course duration of maximum 5 years. Funds for this purpose are made available to the SCAs at an interest rate of 1 % per annum for on-lending to the beneficiaries at 3% interest per annum. Under credit line -2, funds are made available to the SCAs at an interest rate of 2% per annum for on- lending to the beneficiaries at 8% interest per annum for male beneficiaries and at 5% per annum for women beneficiaries. The loan is payable in maximum five years within 6 months after completion of the course or getting employment, whichever is earlier.

3. Micro Financing Scheme

Under the Micro Financing Scheme, micro-credit is extended to the members of the Self Help Groups (SHGs), mainly through SCAs & also NGOs of proven track record and their network of SHGs. Under this scheme, small loan up to a maximum of Rs.1.00 lakh per member of SHG is provided. Funds are given to the NGOs/SCAs at an interest rate of 1%, per annum which further on-lend to the SHGs, at an interest rate not more than 7% per annum. Under credit line-2, Rs.1.50 lakh per member of SHG is given at an interest rate not more than 10% per annum for

male beneficiaries and 8% per annum for women beneficiaries. The repayment period under the scheme is maximum of 36 months.

4. Virasat Scheme

This scheme aims to meet credit requirements of the Artisans, both in terms of Working capital & Fixed capital requirement of equipments/tools/machineries. Maximum loans of upto Rs.10.00 lacs can be availed under the scheme at simple interest of 5% per annum for Male Artisans and 1% concession for Female Artisans at simple interest of 4% per annum.

b. Promotional Schemes of NMDFC

1. Mahila Samridhi Yojana

It is a unique scheme linking micro-credit with the skill training to the women members formed into SHGs, in women friendly trades such as tailoring, cutting and embroidery, etc. It is being implemented by NMDFC, through the State Channelising Agencies of NMDFC. Under the Mahila Samridhi Yojana, training is given to a group of around 20 women in any suitable women friendly craft activity. The women are formed into Self Help Group during the training itself. Later, micro-credit is provided to the members of the SHG so formed. The maximum duration of the training is of six months with maximum training expenses of Rs.1,500 p.m. per trainee. During the training, a stipend of Rs.1,000 p.m. is also paid to the trainees. The training cost and stipend is met by NMDFC as grant. After the training, need based micro credit subject to a maximum of Rs. 1.00 lakh is made available to each member of SHG, so formed, at simple interest rate of 7% per annum.

2. Kaushal Se Kushalta Scheme

The Kaushal Se Kushalta Scheme of NMDFC aims at imparting skills to the targeted individual beneficiaries leading to self/wage employment. The scheme is implemented through the State Channelising Agencies, which organize need based skill development training in their States with the help of agencies empanelled by NSDC/Related Sector Skill Council/State Skill Mission/Directorate of Technical Education. The agency should preferably be accredited through NSDC SMART portal.

3. Marketing Assistance Scheme

The Marketing Assistance Scheme is meant for individual crafts-persons, beneficiaries of NMDFC as well as SHGs and is implemented through the SCAs. With a view to support the crafts-persons to promote marketing and sale of their products at remunerative prices, NMDFC assists the SCAs in organizing State /District level exhibitions at selected locations. In these exhibitions, handloom/handicraft products of crafts-persons belonging to Minority Communities are exhibited and sold. During the exhibition, stalls are provided free of cost and TA/DA is also provided to crafts persons as per scheme. Such exhibitions also provides opportunity for organizing “buyer-seller meet”, which is considered very useful for product development and market promotion, for domestic market as well as for exports. NMDFC provides grants to SCAs for organizing exhibitions.

c. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Programme

NMDFC is implementing its CSR programme for welfare of persons from Minority Clusters by extending facilities for Education, Healthcare, Drinking water, Sanitation, etc. Funds under CSR program is allocated based on 2% average surplus generated by NMDFC for the last three years. During period from 1.4.2019 to 31.12.2019, NMDFC has sanctioned various projects under its CSR program. Some of them include Computer Centre for the poor students of two Madrasas cum Schools in aspirational district of Jaisalmer, providing Ambulance to Shaheed Bhagat Singh Sewa Dal for extending Free Emergency Services in Delhi to poor and needy people.



Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs flagged off Ambulance to Shaheed Bhagat Singh Sewa Dal during Silver Jubilee Celebrations & Annual Conference of State Channelizing Agencies (SCAs) of NMDFC organized at Hotel Le Meridien New Delhi on 14th Oct., 2019

d. Silver Jubilee Celebrations & Annual Conference of SCAs of NMDFC

NMDFC completed twenty five years of its dedicated services towards socio-economic empowerment of notified minority communities. It organized Silver Jubilee Celebration & Annual Conference of State Channelizing Agencies (SCAs) of NMDFC at Sovereign Hall, Hotel Le Meridien, New Delhi on 14th October, 2019. During the inaugural function, the Hon'ble Minister (Minority Affairs), Govt. of India

had released the following books/compilations brought out by NMDFC to commemorate the Silver Jubilee Year Celebration:

- a. Special edition of the Magazine of NMDFC, aptly named as "Yaaden".
- b. "SAPNO KO PANKH", compilation of inspirational Success Stories.
- c. "REFERENCE MANUAL" of NMDFC.
- d. "LENDING POLICY" of NMDFC.
- e. Compendium of "SERVICE RULES OF NMDFC".



Inauguration of Silver Jubilee Celebrations & Annual Conference of State Channelizing Agencies (SCAs) of NMDFC by Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs, GOI at Hotel Le Meridien New Delhi on 14th Oct., 2019



CHAPTER-21 :

MAULANA AZAD EDUCATION FOUNDATION

Introduction

21.1. Maulana Azad Education Foundation (MAEF) is an autonomous body under the Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India established to promote education amongst the educationally backward minorities. The MAEF was established in July, 1989 as a registered Society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 and it is fully funded by the Govt. of India. Hon'ble Minister of Minority Affairs is ex-officio President of the Foundation and the Joint Secretary, MoMA (in-charge of MAEF) is also ex-officio member of MAEF. The General Body of MAEF consists of 15 members out of which six members are ex-officio and nine members are nominated by the President, MAEF. The management of MAEF rests with its Governing Body.

Resources

21.2. The MAEF is a Plan scheme of the Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India. The Foundation has received total Corpus Fund of Rs.1362.00 crore upto financial year 2017-18 from the Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India meaning thereby that the principal amount will remain intact and the interest accrued from the investment of the corpus fund shall be utilized by the Foundation for implementation of its educational schemes. With the investment of existing Corpus Fund in fixed deposit with banks, the MAEF earns interest income of approximately Rs.100 crore every year.

21.3. From the year 2018-19 onwards, MoMA has started giving Grants-in-aid to MAEF in place of Corpus Fund. During the year 2019-20, there is provision of Rs.90 crore in the B.E. of MoMA for MAEF. First installment of Rs.37.50 crore has already been released by MoMA to MAEF as Grants-in-aid for Scholarships up to 31.12.2019.

Schemes of MAEF

21.4. MAEF is implementing the following schemes:

- Grants-in-aid to NGOs for infrastructure development of educational institutions
- Begum Hazrat Mahal National Scholarship for meritorious girls belonging to minorities
- Bridge Course under Nai Manzil Scheme
- Gharib Nawaz Employment Scheme

21.4.1. Grants-in-aid to NGOs: Under this scheme, MAEF provides financial assistance to NGOs for

- construction/expansion of school buildings,
- construction of hostel buildings,
- construction / expansion of B.Ed/D.Ed. Colleges,
- construction of Technical Institutions/VTC,
- purchase of lab equipment, furniture etc.

This scheme has helped small institutions to expand its infrastructure resulting in overall improvement in educational activities amongst the target group. It is a unique scheme which is implemented directly by MAEF without any intervention of State Governments or any outside agency. The proposals received under this scheme are under process.

21.4.2. Begum Hazrat Mahal National Scholarship: MAEF had started this scholarship scheme in 2003-04. This was the first scholarship scheme at national level for meritorious girls belonging to minorities for their higher secondary level education i.e., for class 11th & 12th. This scholarship scheme has not only encouraged the minorities girls for continuing their education but has also resulted in overall improvement in their literacy rate. Now the MAEF is also giving scholarship to minorities girls studying in classes 9th and 10th. MAEF provides scholarships @ Rs.5,000/- per student for classes 9th & 10th and Rs.6,000/- per student for classes 11th & 12th. The applications are submitted online and the amounts of scholarships are released directly into the bank accounts of the beneficiaries. The MAEF has received more than 4.79 lakh applications under scholarship scheme during the current year 2019-20. There is target of giving scholarship to 3,00,000 girls with a budget provision of Rs.165 crore this year in 2019-20. The MAEF has already started releasing scholarships for the current year pertaining to smaller States/UTs.

21.4.3. Bridge Course for Madarsa Students under Nai Manzil: Under the Bridge Course program, one year course equivalent to intermediate is provided to Madarsa students as well as school dropouts enabling them to take admissions in higher classes in universities. Bridge courses have helped madarsa students/ school dropouts to continue mainstream education. There is a target to cover 400 beneficiaries and the total outlay is Rs.2.20 crore for this purpose for the current year 2019-20.

21.4.4. Gharib Nawaz Employment Scheme: The MAEF has launched the new scheme titled Gharib Nawaz Skill Development Training from the year 2017-18. Under this scheme various short term job oriented skill development courses are provided to minorities' youth in order to enable them for skill based employment. This scheme is being implemented as per common norms of the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship (MSD&E) through the empanelled Program Implementation Agencies (PIAs).

The MAEF has already sanctioned an amount of Rs. 282.59 crore to 95 PIAs for skill training of 92,800 beneficiaries so far in different parts of the country. 374 Skill Centres in 190 Districts have already been established so far. In most of these centres training programmes have been completed while in rest of the centres training courses are going on.

21.5. Other Activities of MAEF during the year 2018-19:

- **Establishment of Schools/Community Colleges/ National Institutes:** The MAEF had constituted a high level committee for looking into the establishment of educational institutions for minorities. The report of the said committee was adopted by the General Body of MAEF. In its report, the committee has recommended a pyramid structure of educational institutions for minorities to be established by MAEF having 211 Central Schools at the bottom, 25 Community Colleges at the middle and 5 National Institutes at the top. For establishment of the proposed educational institutions, the land would be provided by the concerned State Government, Construction would be done by the Ministry of Minority Affairs under MSDP and recurring / running expenditure would be borne by MAEF.

- **The Government of Rajasthan has allotted 15 acre land to MAEF on cost basis situated at Village:** Kohrapipli, Tehsil: Kishangarhbas, District: Alwar for this purpose. The MAEF is working on the modalities of these institutions in consultation with the Ministry of Minority Affairs.
- **Training to Madarsa Teachers under 3Ts scheme:** The MAEF has already conducted training programme for Madarsa Teachers at Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi and Anjuman-i-Islam, Mumbai covering 70 beneficiaries during the current year 2019-20. The training programme at Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, Amity University, Noida and IIM, Kashipur are also likely to be held shortly covering 100 teachers. The Training Program has helped the Madarsa Teachers to use modern teaching techniques in their institutions resulting in improvement of teaching quality.
- **Implementation of Seekho aur Kamao scheme of Ministry:** The Ministry of Minority Affairs has allocated a target of 20,000 beneficiaries (trainees) under its Seekho aur Kamao scheme for the year 2019-20 to MAEF.



CHAPTER-22 :

PRIME MINISTER'S NEW 15 POINT PROGRAMME FOR THE WELFARE OF MINORITIES

Background

22.1. Realizing the need for instilling security and for ensuring rapid socio-economic development of minorities, a special 15-Point Programme was proclaimed by the then Hon'ble Prime Minister in May, 1983. The Hon'ble President of India, in his address to the Parliament on 24.02.1992, announced that the programme would be recast to make it more effective in realizing its objective. It was felt that in order to make effective in achieving its objectives, the programme required recasting and elucidation in those areas which had been a source of constant concern for minorities. An exercise to recast the programme was taken up during the period 1993 to 1995. However, a decision in the matter was deferred. A proposal for revision of the programme was prepared taking into consideration the suggestions made by the National Commission of Minorities (NCM) in its first and second Annual Reports as well as the recommendations made by the Committee of Governors that was set up in December, 1996 and sought to incorporate additional subjects of education, health, hygiene and employment opportunities for economic betterment in specific terms in the recast of 15-Point Programme. However, a decision in the matter was deferred again in June, 1999.

22.2. Meanwhile, it was felt that a fresh look be given on the problems faced by minorities and empower them suitably to access facilities and opportunities available to all in the public and private sector for overall socio-economic development at par with the rest of the communities and participate actively in the rapid socio-economic development of the country. Against this background, the Government decided to revisit the existing 15-Point Programme to make it more effective instrument for ensuring rapid socio-economic development of the minorities and creating an atmosphere of trust and goodwill among all the sections of the society. Intensive consultations were held with several Ministries/Departments in the matter.

22.3. Subsequently, the Hon'ble President, in his address to the Joint Session of the Parliament on 25.02.2005, announced that the Government would recast the 15-Point Programme for the welfare of minorities with a view to incorporate programme specific interventions. Consequently, the Hon'ble Prime Minister, in his address on the occasion of Independence Day, 2005, announced inter-alia that "We will also revise and revamp the 15-Point Programme for minorities. The new 15-Point Programme will have definite goals which are to be achieved in a specific time frame". In pursuance of these commitments, the earlier programme was revised as Prime Minister's New 15 Point Programme (PM's New 15-PP) for the Welfare of Minorities; and was announced in June, 2006.

Objectives

22.4. Objectives of PM's New 15-PP are as under:

- (i) Enhancing opportunities for education;

- (ii) Ensuring an equitable share for minorities in economic activities and employment, through existing and new schemes, enhanced credit support for self-employment, and recruitment to State and Central Government jobs;
- (iii) Improving the conditions of living of minorities by ensuring an appropriate share for them in infrastructure development schemes; and
- (iv) Prevention and control of communal disharmony and violence.

22.5. There are a total of 15 points included in the Programme as indicated below:

Major Component	Point
Enhancing opportunities for education	Equitable availability of ICDS services
	Improving access to school education:
	(a) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
	(b) Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya scheme
	Greater Resources for teaching Urdu
	Modernizing Madarsa Education
	Scholarships for meritorious students from minority communities:
	(a) Pre-matric scholarships
	(b) Post-matric scholarships
	Improving educational infrastructure through the Maulana Azad Education Foundation
Equitable share in economic activities and employment	Self-Employment and Wage Employment for Poor:
	(a) Swarnjayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojana (SGSY)
	(b) Swarn Jayanti Shahari Rojgar Yojana (SJSRY)
	Upgradation of skills through technical training
	Enhanced credit support for economic activities
	Recruitment to State and Central Services
Improving the conditions of living of minorities	Equitable share in rural housing scheme
	Improvement in condition of slums inhabited by minority communities
Prevention & control of communal riots	Prevention of communal incidents
	Prosecution for communal offences
	Rehabilitation of victims of communal riots

Schemes/ Initiatives

22.6 At the time of launching of the PM's New 15-PP, there were 24 schemes/ programmes/ initiatives of 11 Ministries/ Departments. However, over a period of time, some of the scheme/programmes/initiatives have either been discontinued or have reached saturation level. Presently 20 schemes/ programmes/ initiatives are covered under PM's New 15-PP.

Progress/ Achievements

22.7 Progress made under various schemes covered under PM's New 15-PP during 2019-20 is as under:

S. No.	Scheme/Initiative	Physical		Financial (Rs. In crore) (As on 31.12.2019)	
		Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement
I. M/o Minority Affairs:					
	Pre-matric Scholarship	30,00,000	8,72,000	1220.30	180.48*
	Post-matric Scholarship	5,00,000	50,000	496.01	30.03*
	Merit-cum-Means based Scholarship	60,000	16,000	366.43	43.42*
	Maulana Azad National Fellowship Scheme	1,000	#	130.00	100.00
	Naya Savera – Free Coaching and Allied Scheme	12,000	9630**	75.00	9.91
	Loan schemes of National Minority Development & Finance Commission (NMDFC)	75,000	77110	-	377.11
	Begum Hazrat Mahal scholarship scheme for meritorious girls	3,00,000		90.00	37.50
	Grants-in-aid to NGOs for infrastructure development of educational institutions	75		15.00	
II. D/o School Education & Literacy:					
	Samagra Shikha	-	-	20,421.94	-
	Scheme for Providing Education to Madarasas/ Minorities (SPEEMM)	There is budget allocation of Rs. 120 crore for the scheme &the expenditure			
III. M/o Women & Child Development:					
	POSHANAbhiyaan(National Nutrition Mission)	377 CD Blocks have been covered under National NutritionMission phase 2 in areas where 25% and above minority population is concentrated.			
IV. D/o Rural Development: (As on 31.12.2019)					
	Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Rural Livelihood Mission, DAY-NRLM (Earlier: SGSY/Aajeevika)				
	(a) SHGs promoted	1,21,526	40,660	-	-
	(b) SHGs provided Revolving Fund and the amount	1,12,440	23,819	164.55	34.51
	(c) SHGs provided Commu- nity Investment Fund support & Amount	68,548	12,736	416.42	73.03
	Pradhan Mantri AwaasYojana – Gramin (PMAY-G) (Earlier: Indra AwaasYojana)	7,58,115	5,10,960	9,143.19	3,793.02
	DDU-GKY (As on 30.09.2019)	37,500	16,506	-	-

V. D/o Financial Services:					
	Bank credit under Priority Sector Lending (PSL) (Cumulative as on 30.09.2019)	-	1,27,26,319	4,01,642	3,14,363
	Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana (As on 30.09.2019)	-	22,99,640	-	10,641.81
VI. M/o Housing & Urban Affairs					
	Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Urban Livelihoods Mission	-	-	117.60	67.47
	(a) Beneficiaries in SHGs to be covered under bank linkage	52,500	66,565	-	-
	(b) Beneficiaries to be covered in SHGs formed	60,000	44,908	-	-
	(c) No. of Beneficiaries to be Skill Trained	52,500	8,168	-	-
	(d) Placement of Skill Trained Beneficiaries	36,750	1,228	-	-
	(e) No. of Beneficiaries to be assisted for setting up of Micro Enterprise (individual and group)	5,250	5,413	-	-
VII. D/o Health & Family Welfare					
	National Health Mission	235 MCDs were covered where more than 83,445 health facilities per lakh population were created in minority concentration districts.			
VIII. M/o Drinking Water & Sanitation					
	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)	As on 08.10.2019, 81.11% habitations have been fully covered. 11.89% habitations are partially covered or quality affected habitations NRDWP has since been subsumed in Jal Jeevan Mission			
IX. M/o Home Affairs					
	Guidelines on communal harmony - information given by M/o home Affairs	During the year 2018, 708 communal incidents were reported in the country in which 116 persons were killed and 2,043 persons injured.			

*Sanctioned (Data Provisional).

**Allocation of 9630 students has been made for 2019-20.

#Applications invited by UGC for 1000 fellowships.



CHAPTER-23 :

SACHAR COMMITTEE REPORT AND ACTION THEREON

23.1 A High Level Committee under the Chairmanship of Justice (Retired) Rajinder Sachar was constituted by the Prime Minister's Office in March, 2005 for preparation of a comprehensive report on the social, economic and educational status of the Muslim community of India.

➤ **Key facts about this committee are as under:**

- Sachar Committee Constituted– 9th March, 2005
- Report submitted – 17th November, 2006
- Laid in Parliament – 30th November, 2006
- List of follow-up action on recommendations approved by Cabinet – 17th May, 2007
- A statement on the decisions of the Government on the recommendations of the Sachar Committee was laid in both Houses of Parliament – 31st August, 2007.
- Follow up action is being taken since May, 2007 (since the time the Cabinet has accepted).

➤ **Total Recommendations/suggestions:**

- Recommendations made - 76
- Recommendations accepted - 72
- Recommendations not accepted - 3
- Recommendation deferred - 1
- Recommendations not accepted/deferred

The three recommendations which were not accepted are –

- I. Enumeration of castes/groups as a part of decennial census exercise.
- II. Creation of a new All India Cadre of officers, to manage the affairs of State Waqf Boards and Central Waqf Council.
- III. Having alternative admission criteria to facilitate admissions to the most backward amongst all the socio-religious categories (SRCs) in the regular Universities and autonomous colleges.

The recommendation deferred was for “absorbing Arzals in the Scheduled Caste (SC) list or at least in a separate Most Backward Category (MBCs) carved out of the OBCs”.

23.2 All the 43 decisions taken by the Government on the recommendations of Sachar Committee have been grouped into 43 decisions for follow up action. These 43 decisions pertain to various Ministries/Departments. However, the task to monitor the follow up action on these decisions

has been entrusted to the Ministry of Minority Affairs. In this regard, Ministry of Minority Affairs conducts quarterly review meetings with Nodal Officers of participating Ministries/Departments to monitor the progress of implementation of the Sachar Committee recommendations. A table showing recommendation-wise implementation of the Govt. decisions on the Sachar Committee Report is as given below:

(As on 31.12.2019)

S. R.	Gist of Govt. decision	Status of implementation
I. Education:		
(i)	The Educational Backwardness of the Muslim Community as brought out by the Sachar Committee will be addressed through a multi-pronged strategy. The strategy will focus specifically on improving the access to education of Muslim girls.(M/o HRD)	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(ii)	The outreach of upper primary schools, particularly for Muslim girls, will be expanded with "girls only" schools, wherever required, and by opening residential Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalya (KGBV) schools, on priority, in areas with substantial Muslim population. -M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(iii)	In pursuance of the goal of universalizing secondary education, priority will be given to opening of secondary/ senior secondary schools in areas of Muslim concentration, wherever there is need for such schools. -M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(iv)	A mass mobilization campaign will be carried out in all districts, having a substantial population of Muslims, to generate awareness about the need for literacy and elementary education and to promote vocational education and skill development. A special literacy drive will be taken up in these districts to improve the overall literacy rate and especially the literacy rate of Muslim women. M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(v)	New Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) would be set up in all districts, with a substantial population of Muslims, not covered as yet with such Sansthan.- M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(vi)	In areas with a concentration of Muslim population, Block Institutes of Teacher Education (BITEs) would be established to impart pre-service and in-service training to primary, upper primary and secondary level teachers. - M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(vii)	The allocation for setting up women's hostels in colleges and Universities would be stepped up further during the 11th Plan. The University Grants Commission (UGC) would pay special attention to setting up women's hostels in higher education institutions in Muslim concentration areas.-M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(viii)	The Area Intensive and Madarsa Modernization Programme will be augmented and the scheme revised to enhance the components eligible for assistance under this programme.- M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(ix)	The mid-day meal (MDM) scheme is being extended to cover children in upper primary classes. Special attention would be given to all Muslim concentration blocks, which are educationally backward.- M/o HRD	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.

(x)	Existing school and community buildings could be used in the evenings as 'study centres' and existing teachers could be engaged on honoraria to tutor willing students including girls, who could be accompanied by guardians. -M/o HRD	Implemented.
(xi)	The National Curriculum Framework-2005 envisages strengthening of a national system of education in a pluralistic society, based on the values enshrined in the Constitution of India, such as social justice, equality and secularism. Text books are being revised in accordance with the National Curriculum Framework-2005. - M/o HRD	Implemented.
(xii)	The trend of the pool of eligible population for higher education increasing faster for SCs/ STs than for Muslims will be examined further. M/o HRD	Implemented.
(xiii)	A mechanism has already been put in place to make granting of minority educational institution status more responsive. The question of equivalence of qualifications from Madarsas for subsequent access to higher education has been engaging the attention of Government. Institutions like Aligarh Muslim University, Jamia Milia Islamia University and Jamia Hamdard University already recognize qualifications from Madarsas. - M/o HRD	Implemented.
(xiv)	The Ministry of Minority Affairs will implement three scholarship schemes, a coaching & allied scheme specifically for students from the minority communities and other schemes for development of education. -MoMA	Implemented.
(xv)	The corpus of the Maulana Azad Education Foundation (MAEF) will be augmented and its operations expanded and streamlined. -MoMA	Implemented.
II. Skill Development:		
(i)	An inter-ministerial group will be set up consisting of representatives of the Ministries of Labour & Employment, small Scale Industries & Agro & Rural-based Industries, Human Resource Development, Textiles, Heavy Industries, Health & Family Welfare, Minority Affairs, Food Processing Industries, Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation, Ministry of Finance (Banking) and Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion to plan and monitor the implementation of a comprehensive programme for skill development amongst Muslims so that the benefits from complementarities and synergy from a host of schemes could accrue to the intended beneficiaries quickly and in a palpable fashion. A cluster approach' will be adopted to address the need for skill and entrepreneurship. - NITI Aayog	Implemented.
(ii)	NABARD and SIDBI will be advised to set aside funds for training minorities under their EDP programmes with focus on skill development of artisans in traditional occupations and minority dominated clusters. An inter-ministerial Group, set up to plan and monitor the implementation of this programme, will also look into integrating this into their plan. -D/o Fin. Services	Implemented.
III. Access to Credit:		
(i)	Access to credit for Muslims is critical as a large proportion of this community is engaged in self-employment activities. While formulating the district plan it will be ensured that adequate credit is made available to minorities and Muslims in particular, with convenience and ease. - DFS	Implemented.

(ii)	Public sector banks will be advised to open more branches in Muslim concentration areas. - DFS	Implemented.
(iii)	Public sector banks would regularly monitor disposal of loan applications for minorities and maintain reasons for rejection of applications so that the applicants can exercise full rights to information about the status of their applications. District - wise and bank-wise data will be made available on the web - site of RBI. - DFS	Implemented.
(iv)	RBI has already issued necessary instructions to all Scheduled Commercial Banks to specifically direct credit to Muslims, create awareness of various credit schemes through publicity and organize entrepreneurial development programme. - DFS	Implemented.
(v)	Micro-finance among women would be promoted, especially in clusters, by the Ministries / Departments / PSU banks / financial institutions. DFS & M/o HUPA	Implemented.
(vi)	The National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC) will be restructured so as to make it more effective instrument of intervention. - MoMA	Implemented.
IV. Special Development Initiatives:		
(i)	A Multi-sectoral Development programme to provide basic amenities, and improve opportunities for employment will be launched in identified backward minority concentration districts. -M/o Minority Affairs	Implemented.
(ii)	An Inter-ministerial Task Force, constituted under the Chairmanship of Member, Planning Commission, will recommend strategies to address the deficiencies in civic amenities, infrastructure and economic opportunities in 338 identified towns and cities, with a population exceeding 50,000 and having at least 25% minority population. - Planning Commission and MoMA	Implemented.
V. Measures for affirmative action:		
(i)	An expert Group will be set up to examine and determine the structure and functions of an Equal Opportunity Commission (EOC). -M/o Minority Affairs	Not implemented. The Cabinet had approved the setting up of EOC in its meeting held on 20.02.2014. However, divergent views have been received from MHA and D/o Expenditure during the fresh inter-Ministerial consultation and the same are being examined.
(ii)	An expert group will be set up to recommend an appropriate "diversity index" to promote diversity in living, educational and work spaces. - MoMA	Not implemented as the diversity index was proposed to be subsumed in EOC.
(iii)	A National Data Bank (NDB) will be set up where the relevant data for various socio religious communities (SRCs) will be maintained. - M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation	Implemented.

(iv)	An Autonomous assessment and Monitoring Authority (AMA), to evaluate the data maintained by National Data Bank will be set up in the Planning Commission.-Planning Commission	Not Implemented. Planning Commission hasnot accepted thesetting up of AMAin that office. It was r e c o m m e n d e d thatAMA may be set upin MoMA. However, the possibility oflocating the AMAin MoSPI is being explored.
VI. Waqfs:		
(i)	The Ministry of Culture will hold an annual meeting with theCentral Waqf Council (CWC) to review the list of waqfs, whichare under the Archaeological Survey of India (ASI). - Ministry of Culture	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(ii)	A suitable agency will be set up for providing financial assistance for the development of waqf properties to enable waqfs to generate surpluses for the welfare of the poor. - Ministry of Minority Affairs	Implemented.
(iii)	(a) A Bill to amend the Waqf Act will be introduced in Parliamentafter receiving the recommendations of the Joint Parliamentary Committee (JPC) on Waqfs. (b) Model Waqf rules will be framed and forwarded to States/ UTs which have not framed such rules. - Ministry of Minority Affairs	Implemented.
(iv)	States will be requested to consider amendments to their RentControl Act (RCA) to exempt Waqf properties from its purview.- M/o Urban Development (now M/o Housing & Urban Affairs)	Implemented.
VII. Miscellaneous Issues:		
(i)	A Bill will be brought before Parliament for providing social security to workers in the un-organised sector, which, inter-alia includes, home-based workers.	Implemented.
(ii)	High Level Committee has been set up to review the Delimitation Act, and the concerns expressed in the Sachar Committeereport will be considered in the course of the review. -Ministryof Law & Justice	Implemented.
(iii)	Appropriate training modules, films and material for sensitization of government functionaries, specially field staff, would be prepared and made available to State governments/ UT administration for use in induction and in-service training programmes. - D/o Personnel & Training.	Implemented.
(iv)	Parliament is considering passing of the Communal Violence (Preventive, Control and Rehabilitation of Victims) Bill, 2005. It provides for penal provisions as deterrents, setting up Special Courts and mechanism for compensation and rehabilitation of riot victims.- MHA	Not Implemented.
(v)	A multi-media campaign will be launched to focus on the needfor social inclusion. - M/o I & B	Implemented.

(vi)	State Governments and UTs will be requested to consider the recommendation for posting of Muslim police personnel in thanas and Muslim health personnel and teachers in Muslim concentration areas. –MHA Health & Family Welfare, Human Resource Development and Department of Personnel & Training will issue appropriate guidelines. Department of Personnel & Training will be the nodal department for monitoring this. - D/o Personnel & Training.	Implemented.
(vii)	Civil rights centres, initially in Central Universities, will be setup to promote the importance of social inclusion. MHRD	Implemented.
(viii)	For facilitating the flow of funds under the Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), Urban Infrastructure Development Scheme for Small and Medium Towns (UIDSSMT), Integrated Housing and Slum Development Programme (IHSDP) to towns and cities, having a substantial concentration of minority population, necessary steps will be taken to ensure that Detailed Project Reports (DPRs) for such towns and cities include adequate provisions for minorities, as envisaged in the new 15 Point Programme.- Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Implemented. However, implementation is a continuous process.
(ix)	State Governments will be advised to improve representation of minorities in local bodies on the lines of the initiative taken by the Andhra Pradesh Government. - M/o Panchayati Raj M/o Housing & Urban Affairs	Implemented.
(x)	Dissemination of information regarding Health and Family welfare schemes will be done in Urdu and regional languages in such districts blocks and towns, with a substantial minority population. A basket of choice in contraception will also be made available, along with ensuring easy access to such services.-MHFW	Implemented.



CHAPTER-24 :

HAJ MANAGEMENT

24.1. The work related to management of Haj pilgrimage including administration of the Haj Committee Act, 2002 and Rules made there under has been transferred from the Ministry of External Affairs to the Ministry of Minority Affairs from 1st October, 2016. Accordingly, a separate Division in the Ministry headed by Joint Secretary (Haj) has been set up to look after the Haj affairs. 24 posts at different levels have also been approved for manning the Haj Division.

24.2. The Ministry manages the Haj work in coordination with Ministry of External Affairs, Ministry of Civil Aviation, Ministry of Health, Haj Committee of India (HCOI) and Consulate General of India (CGI), Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Ministry also looks after all the matters related to Haj Committee of India, a Statutory body established under the Haj Committee Act, 2002, accord necessary approval to the Haj related proposals of CGI, Jeddah, selection of administrative and medical/ paramedical officials on short term deputation to CGI, Jeddah, registration of Haj Group Organisers (HGOs) earlier known as Private Tour Operators (PTOs) and allocation of Haj Quota to HGOs' etc.

24.3. Haj is the largest overseas activity undertaken by Government of India outside Indian borders. Although it is only a five day long religious congregation, it virtually is a yearlong managerial exercise. Indian pilgrims constitute the third largest national group performing the Haj. In Haj 2019, a total quota of 2,00,000 pilgrims was allocated to India. This was distributed between HCOI and HGO in the ratio of 70:30 i.e 1,40,000 pilgrims for HCOI and 60,000 pilgrims for HGOs. With the increased quota, Indian Haj pilgrims constitute the second largest national group after Indonesia.

Facts and Figures: Haj 2019

Number of Pilgrims from India	Total No. of HCOI Pilgrims	140000
	Total No. of HGO Pilgrims	60000
	No. of HGOs	725
Staff on Deputation to CGI, Jeddah for Haj management	Coordinators	4
	Assistant Haj Officer	62 (3 female)
	Haj Assistant	203 (12 female)
	Doctors	170 (37 female)
	Paramedics	181
	Total	620
Flight Operation from India	Arrival Phase	508
	Departure Phase	507
Embarkation points in India	Direct – 21	Total – 21
Number of Buildings hired in Makkah, Saudi Arabia	Buildings in NCNTZ area	39 (15,772 units)
	Buildings in Aziziya	420 (1,21,909 units)
Accommodation in Madinah	Markazia	60%
	Outside Markazia	40%

Temporary Branches and Dispensaries set up in Saudi Arabia for Indian Pilgrims	Makkah	Madinah
	Branches – 16	Branches – 3
	Dispensaries – 16	Dispensaries – 3
	Hospital – 40 bedded • 30 bedded • 10 bedded	Hospital – 15 bedded main dispensary
	Jeddah Haj Terminal	One Dispensary
OPD & Mobile Medical Team visit cases handled by Indian Medical Mission, CGI, Jeddah	4,51,848	

24.4. Government of India attaches high priority to Haj pilgrimage. It has been the constant endeavor of Government to address issues related to Haj pilgrimage and to make improvements in the arrangements for the Haj pilgrims. To provide better facilities and amenities for Haj pilgrims, several initiatives have been undertaken. These include Online submission of Haj Application form to Haj Committee of India and providing e-payment option to pilgrims; Improvement of amenities for Haj pilgrims in buildings in Makkah and Madinah; Strengthening of transport arrangements for Hajis accommodated in Azizia; Strengthening of medical services for Haj pilgrims; Streamlining of air travel arrangements for Hajis by ensuring effective management of timely arrival and departure of flights; Speedy and effective online complaint management system; Use of Mobile Phone Application “Indian Hajis Information system” with information for Indian pilgrims; 24x7 helpline, toll free number and use of Whatsapp and SMS for providing timely information; Procurement of Adahi coupons through Islamic Development Bank on optional basis; Provision of travel by metro train in Mashaer region for pilgrims going through Haj Committee of India;

24.5. Preparations for Haj 2020 has been initiated by the Ministry. Haj Review Meeting was held on 04.10.2019 in which arrangements for Haj 2019 were reviewed and plan for next Haj 2020 was approved. The new Haj Policy for HCoI pilgrims for Haj 2018-22 is under implementation since Haj 2018. The New Haj Policy for Haj Group Organisers (HGOs) for Haj 2019-23 has also been approved and implemented from Haj 2019.

24.6. A High Level Delegation led by Shri Mukhtar Abbas Naqvi, Minister of Minority Affairs visited Saudi Arabia for the bilateral meeting held on 1st December, 2019 with the Minister of Haj & Umrah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to discuss the arrangements and requirements of the Indian pilgrims for the year 1441H (2020). The Annual Bilateral Haj Agreement for Haj 2020 between India and Saudi Arabia was signed during the meeting. The Government of Saudi Arabia has allocated the quota of 1,75,025 pilgrims, which is likely to be increased to 2,00,000 pilgrims for Haj 2020.

24.7. New Initiatives Taken During Last Three Years

- The Haj Quota of India of 2,00,000 pilgrims for Haj 2019 is the maximum since independence. During 2014, the Haj quota of the country was 1,36,020 pilgrims. There has been an increase of 47% in the Haj quota since Haj 2014 and 14% increase from the previous Haj 2018.

- ii. New five year policy for Haj Committee of India Pilgrims for Haj 2018-22 and Policy for the Haj Group Organisers for Haj 2019-23 has been formulated and implemented.
- iii. The Government has allowed Muslim women to go on Haj pilgrimage without “Mehram” (male companion). 1171 women performed Haj without Mehram during Haj 2018, which increased to 2229 pilgrims during Haj 2019.
- iv. The demand of the smaller states for increasing their quota has been met. A provision has been made in the new Haj policy for allocation of quota to the States, which receive about 500 applications. The special quota for the UTs of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh (erstwhile state of J & K) has also increased to 2000 pilgrims.
- v. The reserved category of 70+ pilgrim has been retained and they are allowed with one companion each.
- vi. To ensure that there is minimum financial burden on Haj pilgrims even after removal of Haj subsidy on air travel of the pilgrims, from Haj 2018 pilgrims from specified embarkation points are given choice to opt either for their designated embarkation point or the nearest specified economical embarkation point on the basis of actual airfare of previous year.
- vii. Kozhikode (Calicut) has been re-started as Embarkation Point for Haj pilgrim from Kerala for Haj 2019. Vijayawada has been started as new Embarkation Point for the pilgrims of Andhra Pradesh from Haj 2020.
- viii. Online Haj applications through web portal and mobile app were initiated by HCoI and the application process has been made completely online from Haj 2020.
- ix. Registration process for Haj Group Organisers (HGOs) has been made online. Initiative was taken to increase transparency and competitiveness among HGOs through launching of a new website for Haj packages offered by the HGOs. The website facilitates the people to have a wider choice of HGOs on the basis of services and facilities provided by them.
- x. During Haj 2019, additional quota of 10,000 pilgrims was allocated to HGOs. These pilgrims were charged by the HGOs as per the applicable rates of HCoI.
- xi. In the new Policy for HGOs for Haj 2019-23, provision has been made for allocation of minimum assured Haj quota to all eligible HGOs.
- xii. The number of officials including Doctors and para medical staff sent on temporary deputation to Saudi Arabia for Haj duty has been increased from 597 in Haj 2017 to 620 in Haj 2019.
- xiii. For Haj 2019, arrangements were made for hiring better quality accommodation in Saudi Arabia, hiring of 2018 and later model of buses for inter-city transportation of pilgrims and Aziziah-Haram Sharief transport.
- xiv. The number of temporary Branch Offices and Dispensaries set up by CGI, Jeddah in Saudi Arabia for the welfare and management of Indian pilgrims has been increased from 13 in Haj 2017 to 16 in Haj 2019. In addition to the dispensaries, three hospitals in Makkah

and one main dispensary in Madinah, with diagnostic facilities like ultrasound, ECG, etc., were set up. Mobile medical teams visited High Risk Group (HRG) pilgrims on a daily basis at their accommodation in Makkah and Madinah.

- xv. E-MASIHA (e-Medical Assistance System to Indian Hajis Abroad), an online system developed in-house by Consulate General of India, Jeddah in Haj 2018, to create and maintain comprehensive health database of Indian Hajis and management of medical stock, was used extensively in Haj 2019 for smooth management of medical arrangements.
- xvi. Mobile SIM cards were distributed to the pilgrims at their respective embarkation points in India before their departure to Saudi Arabia for Haj 2019.
- xvii. All those pilgrims who opted for Adahi (Qurbani) and HCOI pilgrims of all those Maktabas (Moallim's office) who got Metro Train facility during Haj 2019 were distributed Adahi coupons and Metro train tickets to the pilgrims at their accommodation.



CHAPTER-25 :**RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005**

25.1 In accordance with the provisions of Section 4(1)(b) of the Right to information Act, 2005 this Ministry has uploaded all the relevant information viz. the Ministry's organizational set-up, functions and duties of its officers and employees, records and documents available in the Ministry, etc. in the Ministry's website www.minorityaffairs.gov.in for information and guidance of the general public. This also provides information about the schemes, projects and programmes being implemented by the Ministry and its various organizations.

25.2 To promote greater transparency and accountability, all the details, Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), statistics of achievements under each Scheme/Programme implemented by the Ministry are hosted on the website of the Ministry and updated regularly. Under the various scholarship schemes, the State Governments display the lists of the names of students awarded scholarships on their websites to which a hyper link is provided in the website of the Ministry. Further, under the MsDP, the States/UTs submit photographs of the ongoing and completed works which are also hosted on the Ministry's website. The Ministry also has a dedicated helpline to provide information and address the doubts of beneficiaries about the schemes/programmes in the Ministry.

25.3 The Ministry of Minority Affairs has designated thirteen (13) CPIOs and eleven (11) First Appellate Authorities under this Act. In the 2019-20 (up to 31st December, 2019), 804 RTI applications and 73 Appeals were received on-line under the RTI Act.



CHAPTER-26 :

GOVERNMENT AUDIT

Following audit paras as detailed below have been included in the Report of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India for the year 2016-17.

S.No.	Para No.	Title of the Para	Status
1	2.4.4.4(b) (Annexure 2.6S. No. 8) of Report No.44 of 2017 – Accounts of Union Government (2016-17)	Loans and Advances to Govt. servants	Vetted comments awaited from Director General of Audit (Central Expenditure)
2	2.7 (d) (S.No.6, Table 2.6) of Report No.2 of 2019 (Financial Audit)	Discrepancies in depiction of percentage of Government investment	Final Action Taken Note has been submitted to the Monitoring Cell, M/o Finance, Department of Expenditure

□□□

CHAPTER-27 :

SWACHH BHARAT MISSION

27.1 Government is observing “Swachhta hi Sewa” Campaign during September 11 to October 2, 2019 – as a part of Jan Andolan for achieving Mahatma Gandhi’s dream of a clean India. The Ministry of Minority Affairs participated in this campaign undertaking Shramdaan done by the Officers & Staff members of this Ministry on 2nd October, 2019.

27.2 The Ministry organized Swachhta Pakhwada during the period from 16th December, 2019 to 31st December, 2019 and the following activities were taken up during the Pakhwada:-

- The Swachhta Pakhwada commenced on 16th December 2019 at the Pt. Deen Dayal Antyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex in presence of Officers/Officials of the Ministry. The officials were divided into different teams which took up the cleaning of different areas surrounding the Office Block. Sh. S.K. Dev Verman, Addl. Secretary addressed the Officers/ Officials and encouraged them to continue the cleanliness drive after the Pakhwada also.
- A workshop was organized by the Ministry on 16th December, 2019 to create awareness of the program. Officers from the Ministry and from the attached/ subordinate offices of the Ministry attended the Workshop. The participants highlighted the importance of cleanliness in everyday life and its general positive effect.
- Five teams of officials of the Ministry visited Chhatarpur Mandir, Uttara Swamimalai Temple, Free Chruch, Jantar Mantar, Fatehpuri Masjid, and Jain Temple during the period from 18th December 2019 to 24th December, 2019, and undertook cleaning activities in and around the respective premises.



Cleaning Activity undertaken by MoMA at Shri Jagannath Mandir.



Donation of Cleaning logistic at Fatehpuri Masjid, Old Delhi



Cleaning Activity undertaken by MoMA at Chhaterpur Mandir.



Inauguration of Swachhta Pakhwada -2019

CHAPTER-28 :

IMPLEMENTATION OF E-OFFICE

28.1 Implementation of e-office is the Mission Mode project under the “Digital India Programme”. DARPG is continuously monitoring the progress of e-office implementation of all Ministries. The Ministry of Minority Affairs has also considered the adoption of the programme.

28.2 The e-office was started in this Ministry on 12th December, 2016. Now all divisions of the Ministry are working in e-office. Notices are also put through e-office. Detail of the performance under e-office is as under:

eOffice (eFile) Statistics Report-Consolidated data as on 31.12.2019

Ministry/Department Name	eFiles created		eReceipts Created	Phy. Receipts created
	eFile created	eFile Closed		
Ministry of Minority Affairs (MMA)	6336	2	43,041	1,44,188

□□□

CHAPTER-29 :

CITIZEN'S/CLIENT'S CHARTERS AND GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM

29.1 The Citizen's client's charter of the Ministry for the year 2013-14 which is Sevottam compliant and a mandatory requirement was prepared and uploaded in the Cabinet Secretariat's website on 29th May, 2014.

29.2 A screen shot showing the CPGRAMS link for grievance redressal mechanism of the Performance Management Division of the Cabinet Secretariat has been uploaded on the Ministry's website.

29.3 It has been the endeavour of the Ministry to ensure expeditious redressal of grievances.



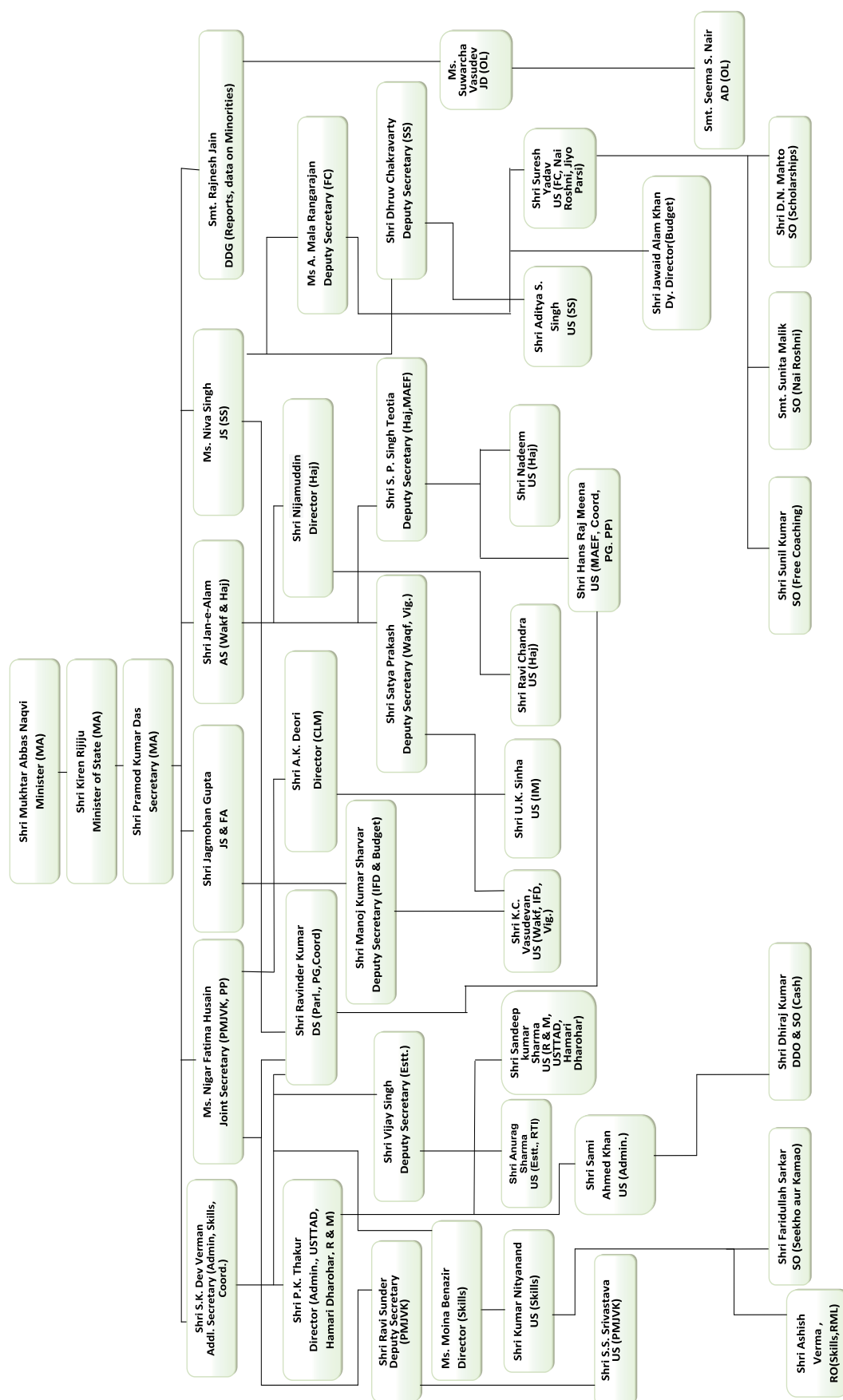
ANNEXURE-I

INCUMBENCY STATEMENT OF MINISTRY OF MINORITY AFFAIRS AS ON 31.12.2019

S. No	Post/Pay Band/Grade Pay/Group	Sanctioned strength	Working Strength	Vacancy
1.	SECRETARY Gr. 'A' – Matrix Level 17	01	01	00
2.	ADDITIONAL SECRETARY Gr. 'A' –Level 16'	01	01	00
3.	JOINT SECRETARY/ Gr. 'A' – Level 14'	03	03*	00
4.	DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL Gr. 'A Level-14'	01	01	00
5.	DIRECTOR/ DEPUTY SECRETARY Gr. 'A' – Level13/12	13	13	00
6.	JOINT DIRECTOR Gr. A - Level 12	01	01	00
7.	UNDER SECRETARY Gr. 'A'- Level 11	13	13	00
	DEPUTY DIRECTOR Gr. 'A'- Level 11	01	01	00
8.	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR/ Gr. 'A'- Level 10	03	01	02
9.	RESEARCH OFFICER/ Gr. 'A'- Level 10	01	01	00
10.	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (OFFICIAL LANGUAGE) Gr. 'A'- Level 10	01	01	00
11.	SECTION OFFICER/ Gr. 'B'- Level 8	19	05	14
12.	PSO/Sr. PPS Gr. 'A'- Level 13/12	02	01	01
13.	PPS GP Gr. 'A'- Level 11	06	06	00
14.	ASSISTANT SECTION OFFICER Gr. 'B' (NG) – Level 7	14	17	(-)3
15.	SR. RESEARCH INVESTIGATOR Gr. 'B' (NG)- Level 6	04	02	02
16.	SENIOR INVESTIGATORS Gr. 'B' (NG)- Level 6	04	00	04
17.	ACCOUNTANTGr. 'B' (NG)- Level 6	01	00	01
18.	PRIVATE SECRETARIES Gr. 'B' – Level 8	07	05	02
19.	STENO GRADE 'C'/PA/ Gr. 'B' (NG)- Level 7	07	01	06
20.	SENIOR HINDI TRANSLATOR Gr. 'B' (NG) Level 7	01	01	00
21.	JUNIOR HINDI TRANSLATOR Gr B (NG) Level 6	03	01	02
22.	STENO GRADE 'D'Gr. 'C' Level 4	09	07	02
23.	STAFF CAR DRIVER Gr. 'C'- Lvel 2	02	02	00
24.	MTS/ G.P. Gr. 'D' Level 1	14	07	07
25.	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (URDU) Gr. 'B' Level 10	01	00	01
26.	Sr. TRANSLATOR (URDU) Gr. 'B' (NG) Level 7	01	00	01
27.	TYPIST (URDU) / Gr. 'C' Level 2	01	00	01
Total		135	92	43

*One post of JS was temporarily upgraded as AS

ORGANISATION CHART OF THE MINISTRY



ANNEXURE-III

**STATEMENT SHOWING SCHEME/PROGRAMME-WISE BUDGET ESTIMATES,
REVISED ESTIMATES 2019-20, ACTUAL EXPENDITURE (UPTO 31.12.2019)**

(Rs. in crore)

Name of Scheme	Budget Estimates 2019-20	Revised Estimates 2019-20	Actual Expenditure upto 31.12.2019
Grant-in-aid To Maulana Azad Education Foundation	90.00	90.00	37.50
Free Coaching and Allied Schemes for Minorities	75.00	40.00	9.92
Contribution of Equity to NMDFC	100.00	160.00	100.00
Research/ Studies, monitoring & evaluation of Schemes for Minorities including publicity	60.00	40.00	2.45
GIA to State Channelising Agencies (SCA) engaged for implementation in NMDFC Programmes	2.00	2.00	1.43
Scheme for Leadership Development of Minority Women	15.00	10.00	0.68
Maulana Azad National Fellowship for minority students	155.00	130.00	100.00
Quami Waqf Board Tarqqiati Scheme	17.50	15.00	11.83
Interest subsidy on Educational Loans for overseas studies	30.00	25.00	9.00
Scheme for containing population decline of small minorities	4.00	4.00	2.46
Skill Development Initiatives	250.00	250.00	66.84
Support for Students clearing Prelims conducted by UPSC,SSC State PSCs etc	20.00	10.00	5.00
Merit cum Means Scholarship for professional and technical courses of undergraduate and post-graduate	366.43	361.51	63.91
Pre Matric Scholarship for Minorities	1220.30	1199.82	211.73
Post Matric Scholarship for Minorities	496.01	482.66	79.78
Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram (PMJVK)	1470.00	1588.86	938.32
Upgrading Skill and Training in Traditional Arts/Crafts for Development (USTAAD)	50.00	60.00	24.91
Hamari Dharohar	8.00	3.00	0.00
Nai Manzil	140.00	100.00	12.59
Secretariat	22.00	24.39	17.18
National Commissionfor Minorities	9.30	10.30	7.25
Commission for Linguistic Minorities	2.30	2.30	1.51
Expenditure on Haj	94.00	88.00	76.96
Grand Total	4700.00	4700.00	1566.22

ANNEXURE-IV

ORGANISATION CHART OF THE MINISTRY

Grants-in-Aid exceeding Rs. 5.00 lakh (Recurring) or Rs. 10.00 lakh (Non-Recurring) sanctioned to private institutions/organizations/ individuals during the Year-2017-18				
			Rs. In thousand	
S. No.	Name of the Institutions/Organizations/Individuals	Recurring	Non-recurring	Purpose of the Grant
1	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd-[EHEREX]		32863	Skill training of minority youths under “Seekho aur Kamao” scheme
2	Ambica Shiksha Samaj Kalyan Samiti-[ASSKS]		50934	
3	Social Action for Welfare and Cultural Advancement-[swacalucknow]		4800	
4	M/s. National Institute for Technical Trainings (NITT+B16)-[NIITJK]		3124	
5	M/s. National Institute for Technical Trainings (NITT)-[NIITJK]		1542	
6	Basix Academy for Building Lifelong Employability Ltd-[basix]		2880	
7	HUMAN WELFARE ORGANISATION-[HWO]		1920	
8	MGlobal Institute U/M Global Human Development Trust-[DLS000000912]		16105	
9	Britti Prosikshan Pvt. Ltd.-[britti]		6134	
10	Ch. Ramesh Chand Charitable Trust-[UPGZ000002025]		34480	
11	Jahanvi Institute of Technology & Management-[jahanvidelhi]		14080	
12	Down Town Charity Trust-[downtown]		2880	
13	Asma Hussain Institute Of Fashion Technology (under Youth Upliftment and Welfare Association(YUWA)-[ahiftlucknow]		5760	
14	IMS Proschool Pvt. Ltd.-[imspro]		2400	
15	ambica shiksha samaj kalyan samiti-[ASSKS]		7680	
16	Orion Edutech Pvt.Ltd-[orionkolkata]		6268	
17	ambica shiksha samaj kalyan samiti-[ASSKS]		3840	
18	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Limited-[Skill]		2351	
19	Shree Gujarat Education Trust-[SGETG]		2400	
20	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd-[EHEREX]		4800	
21	Academy for Computer Training (Guj) Pvt. Ltd.-[actuniv]		1153	

22	Britti Proshikshan Pvt. Ltd.-[britti]		2400	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho aur Kamao" scheme
23	Britti Proshikshan Pvt. Ltd.-[britti]		1920	
24	Jahanvi Institute of Technology & Management-[jahanvidelhi]		15600	
25	Sure Foundations Samiti-[sfsbhopal]		1920	
26	CPIT Edutech Private Limited-[CPIT]		1920	
27	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Limited-[Skill]		14846	
28	Shree Gujarat Education Trust-[SGETG]		12800	
29	Pipal Tree Ventures Pvt. Ltd-[pipaltree]		9326	
30	ACCPL-[KABN00001846]		14332	
31	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd-[EHEREX]		5373	
32	HUMAN WELFARE ORGANISATION-[HWO]		7200	
33	Basix Academy for Building Lifelong Employability Ltd-[basix]		6720	
34	Orion Edutech Pvt.Ltd-[orionkolkata]		12480	
35	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Limited-[Skill]		19344	
36	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd-[EHEREX]		12804	
37	ITCOT Consultancy & Services Ltd.-[ITCOT]		1172	
38	Jahanvi Institute of Technology & Management-[jahanvidelhi]		11749	
39	GIIT-[BRPA00006428]		14474	
40	Orion Edutech Pvt.Ltd-[orionkolkata]		10922	
41	Ahsus Foundation-[ahsusuk]		4430	
42	Care educational and welfare society-[DLNW00001453]		7094	
43	Apparel Retail Training And Job Solutions Pvt Ltd-[ARTJS999]		3600	
44	Social Action for Welfare and Cultural Advancement-[swacalucknow]		9600	
45	Integrated Rural Development and Educational Organisation (IRDEO)-[IRDEO]		1920	
46	M/s. National Institute for Technical Trainings (NITT)-[NIITJK]		14400	
47	Down Town Charity Trust-[downtown]		23194	
48	MGlobal Institute U/M Global Human Development Trust-[DLSD000000912]		18837	
49	OLIVE EVENTZ-[DLED00001167]		7598	
50	National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC)-[NMDFC]		15270	
51	EVERGREEN INSTITUTE OF COMPUTER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION-[JKKU00001184]		13854	

52	INDIRA GANDHI COMPUTER SHAKSHARTA MISSION-[IGCSM]		10342	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho aur Kamao" scheme
53	Skill Horizon-[UKNA00006040]		11294	
54	S E BIZ INFOTECH PRIVATE LIMITED-[sebiz]		10767	
55	Maulana Azad Education Foundation-[MAEF]		33606	
56	CAP Foundation-[CAP]		16320	
57	Integrated Rural Development and Educational Organisation (IRDEO)-[IRDEO]		1920	
58	GHOUSIA INDUSTRIAL AND ENGINEERING TRUST-[gce_cpms2014]		7249	
59	VISIONARY KNOWLEDGE AND MANAGEMENT SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED-[JHRA00004394]		8114	
60	AGSK SAMSTHE-[AGSKKPL557]		3678	
61	G & G Skills Developers Pvt. Ltd.-[HRPK00001251]		8314	
62	INFOVALLEY EDUCATIONAL & RESEARCH PVT. LTD.-[ASKR00008832]		29544	
63	TAORI TRUST-[BRBE00003146]		7598	
64	Social Action for Welfare and Cultural Advancement-[swacalucknow]		17211	
65	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd-[EHEREX]		5373	
66	SARVHIT TRUST-[UPME00005273]		10912	
67	SKILLS DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY-[UPRA00005788]		8587	
68	Bandipora College of Information Technology-[BCIT]		11757	
69	Lala Kundan Lal Memorial Society-[HRFT00001565]		13928	
70	Diamond Charitable and Educational Trust-[DCETTrust]		7889	
71	Delhi Competitive & Vocational Society-[DCVS]		5506	
72	Hunar Foundation-[DLND00003266]		6333	
73	Spice Technologies-[APPR00008272]		8077	
74	Sachdeva Colleges Limited-[SCLND]		7620	
75	Indus Integrated Information Management Ltd.-[IIIMLTD]		4800	
76	KAUTILYA CHANDRA GUPT EDUCATION SOCIETY-[MPIN00004825]		4428	
77	Nav Chetna Vikas Kendra-[nvkbihar]		13291	

78	Sacha Industrial Training Center-[PBAM000004485]		4953	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho aur kamao" scheme
79	Al-Ameen Charitable Fund Trust-[MHNG000009213]		6761	
80	Excellence Academy-[HRPP00001365]		14474	
81	PAN India World Association of Universities-[JHSK000003417]		4953	
82	THE AWARENESS-[awareness]		10639	
83	Karuna-[karuna12]		22588	
84	DATAPRO COMPUTERS PRIVATE LIMITED PIA-[APVS000007841]		11947	
85	City Public School Samiti-[UPRA000005786]		7554	
86	Asma Hussain Institute Of Fashion Technology (under Youth Upliftment and Welfare Association(YUWA)-[ahiftlucknow]		8401	
87	Skill Root Edu Tech Consulting India Private Limited-[MPIN000004819]		12968	
88	Srijan Sansthan-[ssr]		8158	
89	Human Welfare Organization-[HWOS]		13529	
90	Adarsha Samaj Kalyan Samity-[ASKS_Assam]		4523	
91	Chanakya Foundation-[cfbg]		14474	
92	Nai Disha-[naidisha]		13164	
93	adarsh mahila Vikas sewa samiti-[BRGO00002220]		13164	
94	Harishchandra Seva Sadan-[Harishbh]		11294	
95	Sri Narayan Babuni Foundation (SNB Foundation)-[snbf]		11294	
96	SOFTEK INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY-[JKJA00003606]		12196	
97	Valuer Fabtex Pvt. Ltd-[RJJP000009986]		9108	
98	Smart Brains Engineers & Technologist Pvt. Ltd.-[UPGB000002677]		9150	
99	adharshila Samajik Evamsanskritik Vikas Sansthan-[ASESVS]		3426	
100	Assocom India Private Limited-[UPGB000001573]		7292	
101	JATUYA EDUCATION FOUNDATION-[WBPS000008524]		14474	
102	HINDUSTAN LATEX FAMILY PLANNING PROMOTION TRUST-[hifpbtb11]		7985	
103	Satyabhama Dantabya Chikitsa Kendra-[BRPA000005232]		10833	
104	PMT Physics College-[PMTPC]		6664	
105	Manav Vikas Evam Sewa Sansthan-[MV-UP24]		10912	
106	Tendrill Institute of Information Technology-[JKSR000002667]		9986	

107	ITRC TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED-[itrc]		8559	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho aur Kamao" scheme
108	Janhit Sewa Sansthan-[UPRA00002746]		6576	
109	Thredz Information Technology Pvt. Ltd-[thredz]		31536	
110	Social Action for Welfare and Cultural Advancement-[swacalucknow]		14239	
111	Daraganj Gramodyog Vikas Sansthan-[Daraganj]		10912	
112	NIC INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY-[nickolkata]		17336	
113	Mehmuda Shikshan Mahilla Gramin Vikas Bahuuddeshiya Sanstha-[mehmuda]		12359	
114	Vivekanand Paryavaran Evam Arogya Mission-[vpam]		26328	
115	GAYATRI MAHILA EVAM BAL KALYAN TATHA SHIKSHA PRASAR SAMITI-[gmektsps]		14474	
116	Gras Education and Training Services Pvt. Ltd.-[DLSD00000920]		7526	
117	Access Edutech Private Limited-[MPBP00003453]		7370	
118	SHRI KRISHNA GRAMOUTHAN SAMITI-[SSGS]		14474	
119	IMS Proschool Pvt. Ltd.-[jimspro]		7926	
120	Kamla Nehru Sewa sadan-[kamla]		8106	
121	Society for Development and Training-[JKKT00003425]		16157	
122	Society for Training and Employment Promotion-[step1]		9013	
123	St. Joan's Education Society (Regd)-[DLND00001902]		14865	
124	MARG COMPUSOFT PRIVATE LIMITED-[DLNO00000512]		7570	
125	Down Town Charity Trust-[downtown]		17516	
126	VLCC Health Care Limited-[vlcc]		12880	
127	Bright Future.com-[WBPU00001503]		10587	
128	Orion Edutech Pvt.Ltd-[orionkolkata]		29989	
129	Orion Edutech Pvt.Ltd-[orionkolkata]		7908	
130	Surbhi India technology pvt Ltd-[SITP]		7231	
131	Ascensive Educare Private Limited-[WBHG000005925]		7856	
132	Basix Academy for Building Lifelong Employability Ltd-[basix]		60166	

133	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society-[MEWSUP]		4800	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho aur Kamao" scheme
134	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Limited-[Skill]		14318	
135	M/s. National Institute for Technical Trainings (NITT)-[NIITJK]		35873	
136	Synchro Serve Global Sololutions Private Limited-[synchroserve]		14236	
137	Pipal Tree Ventures Pvt. Ltd-[pipaltree]		9855	
138	Possit Skill Organisation-[DLSD00001854]		9937	
139	Jeyram Educational Trust-[TNPE00001324]		7117	
140	DORIC MULTIMEDIA PVT.LTD-[PBLU00003725]		12770	
141	Sum Drishti Education Society-[sdesdelhi]		18572	
142	HUMAN WELFARE ORGANISATION-[HWO]		30298	
143	Divyam Education Trust-[GJST00003494]		21316	
144	Shree Gujarat Education Trust-[SGETG]		15196	
145	Mass Infotech Society-[massinfotech]		22618	
146	DATAPRO COMPUTERS PRIVATE LIMITED PIA-[APVS00007841]		17312	
147	Jahanvi, Delhi-[jahanvidl]		28948	
148	JITM SKILLS PVT LTD-[DLNE00000824]		57896	
149	CPIT Edutech Private Limited-[CPIT]		22675	
150	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society,-[MEWSUP]		28691	
151	Deep training Institute Private Limited-[RIAL00007168]		7793	
152	YUG SHAKTI SHAIKSHANIK EVAM SAMAJIK VIKAS SANSTHA-[MPIN000004769]		9027	
153	Centre for Developmental Initiative-[UPGZ00002032]		21825	
154	Indian Institute Of Skill Development Private Limited-[IISD2009]		8963	
155	Britti Prosikshan Pvt. Ltd.-[britti]		8766	
156	Jan Jagran Shiksha Sewa Sansthan-[jagranup]		4844	
157	Sankar Madhab Kristi Bikash Kendra , Milanpur, Nagaon Assam-[SMKKBK]		8175	
158	RURAL WOMEN UPLIFTMENT ASSOCIATION, ASSAM-[RWUA]		8197	
159	Janhit Sewa Sansthan-[UPRA000002746]		2440	
160	Solmari Hindi Vidhyapeeth & Welfare Society-[SHVWS]		8210	
161	Mahila Mandal Barmer Agor(MMBA)-[MMBA]		19780	
162	SAARC Multipurpose Society-[saarcmul]		2440	

163	National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC)-[NMDFC]		14964	Training of minority youths in traditional arts/crafts under "USTTAD" scheme
164	Saubhagya Shree Sahara Sansthan-[SAUBHAGYA]		8220	
165	Deen Dayal Upadhaya Welfare Society-[dduwsup]		5255	
166	Kamla Nehru Sewa sadan-[kamla]		14000	
167	Shilp Shree Mahila Sewa Samiti-[shilpup12]		2409	
168	Antarrastriya Pariwar Sewa Sansthan-[AP-UP15]		14000	
169	Bharat Mata Welfare Foundation-[BMWF]		6680	
170	National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC)-[NMDFC]		17747	
171	Manav Vikas Evam Sewa Sansthan-[MV-UP24]		13975	
172	Daraganj Gramodyog Vikas Sansthan-[Daraganj]		8220	
173	Mahila Utthan Sansthan-[MUS]		8220	
174	Bandipora College of Information Technology-[BCIT]		8220	
175	Ambica Shiksha Samaj Kalyan Samiti-[ASSKS]		19780	
176	JPS Foundation-[jpsfound]		14000	
177	Shri Krishna Gramouthan Samiti-[SSGS]		8220	
178	Academy for Computer Training (Guj.) Pvt. Ltd , Maninagar Ahmedabad		13182	Education and Skill training of Minority youths under age 17-35 yrs under Nai Manzil scheme
179	ACCPL, malleswaram Bangalore		13701	
180	AL-Ameen Education Society , Hosur Road, Banagalaore		27402	
181	Ambica Siksha Samaj Kalyan Samiti, Babadiyakala, Bhopal		7000	
182	Baba Saheb Ambedkar Technical Education Society, New Delhi		13481	
183	CAP Foundation, Madhapur, Hyderabad		15344	
184	Ch. Ramesh Chand Charitable Trust, Ghaziabad; Symbiosis Institute of Computer Application		27402	
185	Comtech Institute of Technology, Srinagar, J&K		20701	
186	CPIT Edutech Pvt. Ltd.Haryana + Sony Advertising Agnecies Services Pvt. Ltd.		20409	
187	E-HEREX Technologies Pvt. Ltd, Bhopal, M.P		20701	
188	GRAS Education & Training Services Pvt. Ltd, Iswar Nagar, New Delhi		33953	
189	Holbiz Pvt. Ltd/ Digital World Surat + Digital World Surat		15735	
190	Human Welfare Organization, Bhopal MP + Deniyat Fadeha Madrsa		34402	

191	Indian Institute of Skill Development Corporation Ltd, Noida		20701	Education and Skill training of Minority youths under age 17-35 yrs under Nai Manzil scheme
192	I-Pick Solutions India Pvt. Ltd, Preet Vihar, Delhi, National Institute for Technical Trainings, Jammu		41103	
193	JAHANVI, Delhi		27402	
194	M Global Institute, Okhla, New Delhi		41103	
195	Mass Infotech Society, Yamunanagar, Haryana		61128	
196	Orion Edutech Kolkata		41103	
197	Society for Devemopment & Training Kathua, J&k Jagat Communications		20283	
198	Society for Economic Development, Hyderabad, Telangana		13310	
199	Society for the School of Medical Technology, Kolkata, WB+ Institute of Education & Examination Management Pvt. Ltd.		13701	
200	SUM Drishti Education Society, Indrapuram, Ghaziabad		59435	
201	SURE Foundation Samiti		13701	
202	St. Joan's Education Society, New Delhi		60805	
203	Visionary Knowledge & Management, Ranchi, Jharkhand		34402	
204	Baba Saheb Ambedkar Technical Educational Society + Nai Disha Education Society		7000	
205	Society for School of Medical Technology + Minerva Educational and Welfare Society for School of Medical Technology		7000	
206	SAARC MULTIPURPOSE SOCIETY INTERNATIONAL, Nagpur (Maharashtra)		7000	
207	The Awareness		7000	
208	CHANKYA FOUNDATION		7000	
209	Gayatri Mahila Evam Bal Kalyan Tatha Shiksha Prasara Samiti		7000	
210	Manav Vikas Evam Sewa Sansthan		7000	
211	NIC Institute of Technology		7000	
212	Bharat Mata Welfare Foundation		7000	
213	SRI KRISHNA GRAMOTTHAN SAMITI		7000	
214	SMD TECHNOLOGIES		7000	
215	Sri Narayan Babuni Foundation		7000	

216	Gowthami Foundation			7000	Education and Skill training of Minority youths under age 17-35 yrs under Nai Manzil scheme
217	Education Research & Development Foundation			7000	
218	Sejal Education and Consultancy Services (p) Ltd			7000	
219	The Institution of Civil Engineers Society + Baba Saheb Ambedkar Technical Educational Society			7000	
220	Rahim ali Khan Saudagar Multi purpose & Educational Society			7000	
221	Dum Dum Nikhil Bangiya Vidyapeeth + NSIB Security Services Pvt. Ltd. + North Point Sr. Secondary School			7000	
222	Doric Multiple Pvt. Ltd.			7000	
223	Maulana Azad Educational Technical & Vocational Society			7000	
224	JTIM Skills Private Limited			7000	
225	JPS Foundation			7000	
226	Gayathri Educational Society			7000	
227	Datapro Computers Private Limited			7000	
228	Jan Shikshan Sansthan Mallapuram			7000	
229	Down Town Charity Trust			7000	
230	Cradle Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd.			7000	
231	National Institute for Technical Training			7000	
232	All India Society of Education			7000	
233	Facilitation and awareness of community for empowerment			7000	
234	Nistha			6186	
235	MT Educare Ltd. (Karnataka)			14300	
236	MT Educare Ltd. (Gujarat)			10106	
237	MT Educare Ltd (Punjab)			15600	
238	MT Educare Ltd (Maharashtra)			15600	
239	MT Educare Ltd (Tamilnadu)			11700	
240	Diamond Charitable and Educational Trust, Maharashtra			4563	
241	Maa Sharda Khadi Gramudyog Sewa Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh			1100	
242	Noor Ali Memorial Society, West Bengal			1080	
243	SUPPORT – Charity Organization, Telangana			13877	
244	M/s Organization for Relief and Social Upliftment (ORSU), Manipur			1582	

245	Hilal Institute, Jammu and Kashmir		1300	To provide Free Coaching to minority students under Regular Component of Naya Savera Scheme.
246	Samarpan for Education and Welfare Society, Delhi		1078	
247	Al-Ameen Educational Society, Karnataka		2600	
248	Tanishk Shikshan Evam Samaj Kalyan Sanstha Samiti (Tanishk Coaching Institute), Madhya Pradesh		1473	
249	Shiksha Evam Gramin Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		1000	
250	Sachdeva Colleges Ltd., Sachdeva New PT College, Delhi		16422	
251	Allama Iqbal Educational Society, Karnataka		25474	
252	Adharshila Samajik Evam Sanskritik Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		1576	
253	M/s Sangai Foundation, Manipur		1582	
254	Shree Gujarat Education Trust, Gujarat		3111	
255	Gyanm Education and Training Institute Pvt. Ltd., Chandigarh		3427	
256	Excellent Civil Academy, Haryana		2964	
257	Shubham Shikshan Prasarak Mandal, Maharashtra		1306	
258	Arif Shiksha Avam Gramin Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		5296	
259	SP Gramya Vikas Avam Gramodyog Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		1844	
260	Ideal Educational and Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		5980	
261	Royal Educational and Social Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		5015	
262	Sacred Educational and Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		3900	
263	Royal Oxford Education and Welfare Society, Rajasthan		4423	
264	Citizens Institute of Education and Trainings, Jammu and Kashmir		1009	
265	Perfect Bank Coaching run by Perfect Samajik Evam shiksha Samiti, Madhya Pradesh		5430	
266	ASCENT GROUP, Jammu and Kashmir		1141	
267	Kerala State Electronic Development Corporation Ltd. (KELTRON), Kerala		9760	
268	Yamini Softech Private Limited, Telangana		13923	
269	Shree Hanuman ji Vikas Sewa Samiti, Uttar Pradesh		1430	
270	M/s Human Welfare Organization, Jammu and Kashmir		6000	
271	National Institute for Technical Trainings (NITT), Jammu and Kashmir		1114	
272	Jagruthi Educational Society, Telangana		8003	

273	Sachdeva Colleges Ltd., Meghalaya		3097	To provide Free Coaching to minority students under Regular Component of Naya Savera Scheme.
274	Mahendra Educational Private Limited, Madhya Pradesh		1266	
275	SGRS Academic Pvt. Ltd., Jharkhand		5220	
276	PMT Physics College, Uttar Pradesh		21582	
277	Al-Ameen Mission, West Bengal		5040	
278	Chitale's Personalized Learning Pvt. Ltd., Gujarat		1508	
279	Maulana Azad Academy, West Bengal		2167	
280	Malankara Orthodox Syrian Educational and Charitable Society, Kerala		1583	
281	Shri Sangmeshwar Charitable Trust, Maharashtra		15417	To provide Free Coaching to minority students under New Component of the Scheme.
282	Allama Iqbal Educational society, Karnataka		28233	
283	MT Educare Charitable Trust, Karnataka		36849	
284	Al-Ameen Mission Trust, Khalatpur, West Bengal		29900	
285	Seva Bharathi, Telangana		23870	
286	Support - Charity Organization (Sri Chaitanya Junior College), Telangana		14869	Scheme for containing population decline of Parsis
287	J. Foundation (Sri Chaitanya Junior College), Andhra Pradesh		14922	
288	Parzor Foundation		40000	
289	Aruna Institute of Rural Affairs, Odisha		1967	
290	Gramodaya, Uttar Pradesh		1088	Scheme for Leadership Development of Minority Women
291	Udaan Welfare Society, Madhya Pradesh		1116	
292	Malabar Social Service Society, Kerala		1329	

(In Thousands Rupees)

Grant-in-aid exceeding Rupees 5.00 lakh (Recurring) and Rs. 10 lakh (non-recurring) sanctioned to Private Institutions/Organisations/ Individuals during 2018-19

S.No	Name of the Institutions /Organizations/Individuals	Recurring	Non-Recurring	Purpose of Grant
1	Academy for Computer Training (Guj Pvt Ltd , Maninagar Ahmedabad		13037	
2	Ajmal foundation, Nagaon, Assam		33261	
3	Baba Saheb Ambedkar Technical Education Society, vikaspuri New Delhi		19535	
4	Centre of Technology and Entrepreneurship Development (CTED), Amethi, UP		13701	
5	Ch Ramesh Chand Charitable Trust, Tronica City, Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh.		12922	
6	Comtech Institute of Technology, Srinagar, J&K		18509	
7	CPIT Edutech Pvt Ltd Haryana, Rania Road, Sirsa, Haryana		18367	
8	GRAS Education & Training Services Pvt. Ltd., Ishwar Nagar, New Delhi		25086	
9	Holbiz Pvt Ltd, Udhna, Surat/ Digital World,		13430	
10	IL &FS Skills Development Corporation Ltd, Noida		98922	
11	Indian Institute of Skill Development Corporation Ltd, Sector 34, Gurgaon, Haryana		19224	
12	I-Pick Solutions India Pvt. Ltd., Preet Vihar, Delhi/ National Institute for Technical Trainings, Jammu		38878	
13	Jahanvi, Ramvihar, Nr. Bharat National Public School, Delhi		25504	
14	Karuna , Barh, Patna , Bihar		26925	
15	LICHHWI, Khagaria, Bihar		26941	
16	Mass Infotech Society, Yamunanagar, Haryana		50673	
17	National Education Society and Social Welfare Organization, Anantnag, J&k		24023	
18	Orion Edutech, China Park , Rajarhat Road, Kolkata		20702	
19	Peace Development Society, Rampur, UP		11901	
20	Satyabhama Dantabya Chikitsa Kendra, Patna, Bihar		13521	
21	Society for Develomopment & Training Kathua, New Subzi Mandi, Ward No. 2. J&k Jagat Communications		19201	
22	Society for Economic Development , SR Nagar, Hyderabad, Telangana		13245	
23	Society for the School of Medical Technology, Girish Chandra Bose Road. Kolkata		18142	

Training uner
Nai Manzil Scheme

24	SURE Foundation Samiti, MP Nagar, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh		12572	Training uner Nai Manzil Scheme
25	THREDZ Information Technology Private Ltd, Relaince Mansions, Lower Tank Bund, Hyderabad		25692	
26	Visionary Knowledge & Management, Ashok Nagar, Ranchi, Jharkhand		25662	
27	VPAM- Vivekanand Paryavaran Evam Arogya Mission, Khagaul, Patna, Bihar		26904	
28	Manav Vikas Evam Sewa Sansthan, 130, Hind Nagar , Kanpur Road, Lucknow.		5725	
29	Bharat Mata Welfare Foundation, 128 c, Pocket F, Mayur Vihar, Phase 2 , Delhi		5761	
30	Gowthami Foundation, Srinagar Colony, 1st Lane, Kurnol Road, Ongle, Andhra Pradesh		5832	
31	The Institution of Civil Engineers Society, 4 East Park Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi.		5681	
32	Doric Multiple Pvt Ltd, Opp. Greawal Hospital, Gill Road, Ludhiana, Punjab.		5834	
33	Maulana Azad Educational Technical & Vocational Society , Sector D, Dhar Road, Indore, Madhya Pradesh		5739	
34	JPS Foundation, Kanpur Road, Lucknow.		5801	
35	Gayathri Educational Society, Opp SB High School, Tirupathi, Andhra Pradesh		5760	
36	Down Town Charity Trust, DOWNTOWN Hospital Complex, Dispur, Guwahati,		5816	
37	Nistha, Sector - 3, Dhurwa, Ranchi, Jharkhand		814	
38	Adarsh Mahila Vikas Sewa Samiti, Gopalganj , Bihar		7000	
39	Ghousia Industrial and Engineering Trust, Housur Road, Bangalore.		12778	
40	Goyal fashions Pvt Ltd. Goyal House, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan,		7000	
41	Diamond Charitable Educational Trust, Jafar nagar, Nagpur.		7000	
42	Centre for development initiative, Mansoori Chowk, Ghaziabad, UP		7000	
43	Divyam Education trust, Thwa lines, Surat, Gujarat		7000	
44	Nai Disha, DLF Ankur Vihar, Loni, Ghaziabad, UP		7000	
45	Harishchandra Sewa Sadan, Kothwa , Danapur, Patna		7000	
46	Samadhan Syam Sevi Santhan, Sector 50, GB Nagar, Uttar Pradesh		7000	
47	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society, Rampur UP		12784	
48	Britti Proskshan Pvt. Ltd, Hazra Road, Kolkata		12834	
49	Bandipora College of Information technology, Ongam Road, Bandipora, J&K.		7000	
50	Shree Gujarat Education Trust, Vesu , Surat, Gujarat.		7000	
51	Society for Economic Development , SR Nagar, Hyderabad		12684	
52	Shikhar social welfare organisation, Arera Colony, Bhopal.		7000	

53	Aryanagar Mahila Samiti, Lawyers Colony Agra		7000	Training under Nai Manzil Scheme
54	Al-ameen charitable fund trust, Nagpur		7000	
55	Support charity Massab Nagar, Hyderabad		7000	
56	j foundation, Massab Tank Road, A.C Guards, Hyderabad		7000	
57	Mother Teresa Mahila Mandili, Ramnathpur, Hyderabad		7000	
58	Seva bharathi, Singareddy, Palem, Khamam Dist, Telangana		7000	
59	ACCPL, Malleswaram Bangalore		7000	
60	Karuna, Barh, Patna, Bihar		7000	
61	LICHHWI, Khagaria, Bihar		7000	USTAAD: Training of minority youths in traditional Arts/ Crafts under USTAAD scheme
62	Satyabhama Dantabya Chikitsa Kendra, Patna, Bihar		7000	
63	Jan Jagran Shiksha Sewa Sansthan		9156	
64	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Ltd.		30060	
65	Jan Kalyan Morigaon		8188	
66	Human Welfare Organization, J & K		26720	
67	The 5th Dimension Academy		13965	
68	Matribhoomi Vikas Parishad		14000	
69	Gopal Shikshan Evam Gramin Vikas Sansthan		14000	
70	IL&FS Skills Development Corporation Ltd.		31720	
71	Vigyan Prodyogiki Evam Gramodyog Prasar Samiti		14000	
72	Dikrong Valley Environment & Rural Development Society		8220	
73	Nav Srijan		2440	
74	Human Welfare Organization, Madhya Pradesh		8220	
75	Integrated Rural Development & Educational Organization (IRDEO)		16440	
76	Jahanvi JITM Skills		14000	
77	Centre for Developmental Initiative		22220	
78	Human Welfare Organization, J & K		29280	

79	Shri Sangmeshwar Charitable Trust, Maharashtra		10000	To provide Residential coaching to minority students under Naya Savera Scheme
80	J. Foundation, Telangana		15078	
81	Allama Iqbal Educational Society, Karnataka		19800	
82	Al-ameen Mission Trust, West Bengal		10000	
83	Malankara Orthodox Syrian Educational and Charitable Society, Kerala		5000	
84	MT Educare Charitable Trust, Karnataka		15811	
85	Al-ameen Charitable Fund Trust, Maharashtra	Nil	2000	
86	Al-ameen Educational Council, West Bengal		2000	
87	Aryan Foundation, Karnataka		10000	
88	Ethina Centre of Excellence and Education, Kerala		2000	
89	Vidya Vijay Bal Mandir, Madhya Pradesh		2000	
90	Bright School Samiti, Madhya Pradesh		2000	
91	SGRS Academic Pvt. Limited, Jharkhand		4680	To provide Free Coaching and disbursement of stipend amount to minority students under Naya Savera Scheme
92	Al-ameen Mission, West Bengal		24525	
93	Gowthami Foundation, Andhra Pradesh		7175	
94	National Institute for Competitive Studies, Delhi		1273	
95	Shree Hanumanji Vikas Sewa Samiti, Uttar Pradesh		6096	
96	SP Gramya Vikas Avam Grmodyog Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		6100	
97	Sunrise Mission, Maharashtra		1625	
98	SUPPORT, Andhra Pradesh		2315	
99	Sacred Educational and Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		6375	
100	Lilac Education Services Private Limited, Bihar		2000	
101	Vikarant Educational and Social Welfare Society, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
102	Brilliant Educational and Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
103	Allama Iqbal Educational Society, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
104	Bhartiya Samajik Nayav Avam Manav Adhikar Jan Chestam Parishad, Madhya Pradesh		1500	
105	Shree Swaminarayan Gurukul Run by Sarvajivhitavah Trust, Gujarat		1425	
106	Royal Oxford Educationa and Welfare Society, Rajasthan		3250	

107	SIOC Education and Charitable Trust, Chandigarh		4433	To provide Free Coaching and disbursement of stipend amount to minority students under Naya Savera Scheme
108	Kautilya Chandragupt Education Society, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
109	Renaissance Education Society, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
110	Shiksha Evam Gramin Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
111	Hilal Institute, Jammu and Kashmir		1625	
112	Nirmal Foundaion, Gujarat		1625	
113	Alhuda Educational Society, Andhra Pradesh		2315	
114	Diamond Charitable and Educational Trust, Maharashtra		22055	
115	Training Reconstruction Educational Environmental Society (TREES), Andhra Pradesh		3026	
116	MT Educræe Limited, Gujarat		13325	
117	MT Educræe Limited, Punjab		3250	
118	PMT Physics College, Uttar Pradesh		21125	
119	MT Educræe Limited, Maharashtra		33475	
120	Ideal Educational and Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		5313	
121	Ameenuddin Educational and Welfare Trust, Karnataka		1625	
122	APS Educational Society, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
123	Shaheen Educational Trust, Karnataka		1625	
124	Srijan Sansthan, Rajasthan		3516	
125	Griraj Educational and Social Welfare Trust, Uttar Pradesh		1600	
126	Abdul Majeed Central India Education Society, Maharashtra		2158	
127	Royal Educational and Social Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		6500	
128	PS Educational and Socia Welfare Society, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
129	National Institute of Competitions, Haryana		1625	
130	Career Plus Educational Society, Delhi		2625	
131	Adharshila Samajik Evam Sanskritik Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		1906	
132	Arif Shiksha Avam Gramin Vikas Sansthan, Uttar Pradesh		4875	
133	Sachdeva College Limited, Meghalaya		4492	
134	Ambica Shiksha Samaj Kalyan Samiti, Madhya Pradesh		2625	
135	Allama Iqbal Educational Society, Karnataka		17399	
136	Pant Shiksha Samiti, Rajasthan		2509	
137	Consotium Minorities Association, Karnataka		1625	

138	Shree Gujarat Education Trust, Gujarat		6609	To provide Free Coaching and disbursement of stipend amount to minority students under Naya Savera Scheme
139	MT Educare Limited, Tamilnadu		6500	
140	Sachdeva College Limited, Delhi		6432	
141	Jay Kali Sewa Samiti, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
142	Samarpan for Education and Welfare Society, Delhi		1078	
143	Jamia Millia Islamia, Delhi		5246	
144	Noor Ali Memorial Society, Functional Centre at: (Jatuya Institute of Competitive Exams), West Bengal		1506	
145	SIOC Education and Charitable Trust, Punjab		6500	
146	Shilp Shree Mahila Sewa Samiti, Uttar Pradesh		1625	
147	Aryan Foundation, Gujarat		1625	
148	Sachdeva Colleges Limited, Chhattisgarh		3250	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
149	Diamond Charitable and Educational Trust, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
150	Shri Krishna Gramouthan Samiti, Madhya Pradesh		1625	
151	Excellent Civil Academy, Haryana		2964	
152	Indian Institute of Skill Development, Gurgaon Haryana		5088	
153	IACM		2615	
154	Down Town, Assam,		2230	
155	E-Herex, Madhya Pradesh		5280	
156	JITM Skills, Delhi		86749	
157	Human Welfare Organisation, Madhya Pradesh		1664	
158	Adwings Consultancy & Solutions Pvt. Ltd, Kolkata		5604	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
159	Roman Technology Pvt. Ltd, Karnataka		6204	
160	Mosaic Network, Madhya Pradesh		6820	
161	Visri Technology, Sikandrabad		13724	
162	Edujobs,		5614	
163	AISECT, Madhya Pradesh		4826	
164	Shri Vinayak Creative, Madhya Pradesh		12759	
165	Leelas Foundation, Raipur		4068	
166	National Educational Society And Social Welfare Organisation		10916	

167	Samvit Education Trust			8838	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
168	ICA Edu Pvt Ltd, Delhi			5989	
169	Samadhan Swayam Sevi Sanstha, Uttar Pardesh			12096	
170	Yamini Softech Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad			5583	
171	Support Charity Organization, Hyderabad			5583	
172	Allama Iqbal Memorial Welfare Society, Bhopal			12096	
173	Vijaya Institute of Technologys			3145	
174	Keertika Academy Pvt Ltd Kolkata			4851	
175	MARG, Andhra pradesh			3196	
176	Institute of computer technology & Engineering, Luckhnow			5583	
177	Gowthama Buddha Educational Society, Hyderabad			5583	
178	IITED / bhartiya Praoudgiki Evam Udyami Vikas sansthan,			5583	
179	Ambika Shiksha Samaj Kalyan Samiti, Madhya Pradesh			1168	
180	Seva Bharathi, Uttar Pradesh			3145	
181	Arya Nagar Mahila Samiti, Uttar Pradesh			12096	
182	The People's Human Society, Gujarat			5840	
183	ITCOT,			5364	
184	Shaktipada Bhattacharjee Technical Institute			6645	
185	Microchip Solutions			3205	
186	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh			9976	
187	Evergreen			10794	
188	Thredz Information Technology Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad			9194	
189	Indian Institute of Skill Development (IISD) gurgaon			4130	
190	Mother Teresa Mahila Mandali, Rampur Uttar Pradesh			5583	
191	J Foundation,			5583	
192	MT Educare Ltd, Maharashtra			5583	
193	Jagruthi Education Society, Telangana			5583	
194	Ch. Ramesh Chand Charitable trust, Uttar Pradesh			6428	
195	STC Technologies Pvt Ltd			5241	
196	IL and FS Skill Development Corporation Ltd., Uttar Pradesh			14400	

197	Keertika Academy Pvt Ltd, Kolkata		2993	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
198	SAARC, Maharashtra		11961	
199	Kamla Nehru Sewa Sadan, Uttar Pradesh		5629	
200	OM Metals, Haryana		3840	
201	Basix Academy for Building Lifelong Employability, Delhi		1172	
202	Divyam Education Trust, Gujarat		20668	
203	Nehru Yuva Club, Hathipur chittu, Uttar Pradesh		4268	
204	Basix Academy for Building Lifelong Employability, Delhi		2732	
205	Center for development Initiative, Uttar Pradesh		28109	
206	Memuda Shikshan,		8168	
207	IMS proschool		4160	
208	VLCC Health Care Limited		9360	
209	Academy for Computer Training, Gujarat		4983	
210	Ch. Ramesh Chand Charitable trust, Uttar Pradesh		13149	
211	Nice Computer Education Society, Andhra Pradesh		8432	
212	Shree Gujarat Education Trust, Gujarat		2080	
213	Down Town Charity Trust (1), Assam		1286	
214	Yuva Kalyan Samiti, Lucknow		1127	
215	Mass Infotech Society, Haryana		23480	
216	Nice Computer Education Society, Andhra Pradesh		6760	
217	Mulana Azad Education Foundation		154399	
218	Central Institute of Plastic Engineering and Technology		4040	
219	Daraganj Gramodyog Vikas Sansthan, Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh		18829	
220	Pipal Tree Ventures Pvt. Ltd, Maharashtra		13144	
221	AGSK Samsthe, Karnataka		5169	
222	Gayatri Mahila Evam Bal Kalyan Tatha Shiksha Prasara Samiti Morena, Madhya Pradesh		23552	
223	chanakya foundation, Bihar		23552	
224	Assensive Educare pvt. Ltd, Kolkata		10516	
225	Indira Gandhi Computer Saksarta Mission, New Delhi		11054	
226	JITM Skills Pvt Ltd, Delhi		23551	

227	Bandipora, East Delhi			21698	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
228	CPIT, Haryana			2600	
229	Possit skill org, East Delhi			8122	
230	JPS foundation, Uttar Pradesh			15298	
231	Surbhai,			8789	
232	Saarc Multipurpose, Maharashtra			11543	
233	Srijan Sansthan, Rajasthan			6862	
234	Development Service International, Uttar Pradesh			4056	
235	Mother Teresa Jan Kalyan Samiti, Uttar Pradesh			5243	
236	Yug Shakti Shaikshanick Evam Samajik Vikas Sanstha, Madhya Pradesh			23552	
237	Martyr Lietinent Maheesh Trikha Foundation,			11968	
238	The institution of Civil Engineers Society, Punjab			9518	
239	Gowthami Foundation, Andhra Pradesh			17052	
240	ITRC Technologies Private Limited			12424	
241	Human Welfare Organisation, Madhya Pradesh			26441	
242	Indian Institute of skill Development and Assessment, Haryana			5084	
243	Mahila Mandal Barmer Agor, Rajasthan, Rajasthan			3792	
244	Visri Technology, sikandrabad			19136	
245	Sacha Industrial, Chandigarh			19136	
246	Skill Horizon, Uttarakhand			19136	
247	Jahanvi, East Delhi			23552	
248	Ahsus Foundation, Assam			10884	
249	Jatuya Education Foundation, Kolkata			19136	
250	Sachdeva Colleges Limited, South Delhi			13258	
251	S E Biz Infotech Pvt. Ltd., Punjab			11009	
252	Infovalley Educational and Research, Assam			37940	
253	Cradle Life Sciences, Bihar			14149	
254	Adarsha Samaj Kalyan Samity, Assam			11890	
255	Pipal tree Ventures Ltd, Maharashtra			9818	
256	Shri Krishna Gramoththan Samiti, Madhya Pradesh			27967	

257	Excellence Academy, Haryana		19135	Skill training of minority youths under "Seekho Aur Kamao" scheme
258	Datapro Computers Pvt. Ltd., Andhra Pradesh		12792	
259	Janhit Sewa Sansthan, Jharkhand		14836	
260	MT Educare Ltd, Maharashtra		12500	
261	Shikhar Social Welfare Organisation, Bhopal		26746	
262	Baba Saheb Ambedkar Technical Educational Society, Delhi		10377	
263	Adarsh Mahila Vikas Sewa Samiti, Bihar		23551	
264	OGAWA SOCIETY, Maharashtra		2596	
265	Super Computer College		6612	
266	Society for the school of Medical Technology, Kolkata		8167	
267	Nice Computer Educational Society, Andhra Pradesh		4832	
268	MARG, Andhra Pradesh		7648	
269	Doric Multimedia Pvt. Ltd., Punjab		9651	
270	Comtech IT Educational Trust, Jammu & Kashmir		10066	
271	POINEER CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION, Andhra Pradesh		4538	
272	Peace Development Society, Rampur, UP		7151	
273	Dum Dum Nikhil Bangiya Vidyapeeth, West Bengal		7243	
274	Bharat Mata Welfare Foundation, North Delhi		9774	
275	Manav Vikas Evam Sewa Sansthan, Aligarh UP		11598	
276	Divyam Education Trust, Gujarat		19135	
277	Ch. Ramesh Chand Charitable trust, Uttar Pradesh		15298	
278	Ghousia Industrial, Bangalore		10689	
279	Diamond Charitable & Educational Trust, Maharashtra		15599	
280	Society for Development and Training, Jammu & Kashmir		18937	
281	Al-ameen Charitable Fund Trust, Maharashtra		11529	
282	Now Nurturing Ones, Uttar Pradesh		3289	
283	MAEF, Maulana Azad Education Foundation		12025	
284	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		1200	
285	Madeeha Educational Welfare Society, Uttar Pradesh		2988	

286	Down Town Charity Trust, Assam		1116		
287	SWACA, Social Action for Welfare and Cultural Advancement, Lukhnow, Uttar Pradesh		4800		
288	MAEF- Maulana Azad Education Foundation		166423		
289	PARZOR FOUNDATION		40000		Scheme for containing population decline of parsis
			1788304		

Important Acronyms and their full forms

Acronym	Full Form
DBT	Direct Benefit Transfer
NET	National Eligibility Test
MANF	Maulana Azad National Fellowship
MAEF	Maulana Azad Education Foundation
UPSC	Union Public Service Commission
SSC	Staff Selection Commission
SPSC	State Public Service Commission
IBA	Indian Bank Association
NGOs	Non-Government Organisations
OAMS	Online Application Management System
PMU	Project Management Unit
MSDE	Ministry of Skill Development And Entrepreneurship
NIFT	National Institute of Fashion Technology
NID	National Institute of Design
QWBTS	Qaumi Waqf Board Taraqqati Scheme
WAMSI	Waqf Management System of India
SWB	State Waqf Board
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
15 PP	15 Point Programme
MBC	Most Backward Classes
SRC	Socio-Religious Categories
USTTAD	Upgrading the Skills and Training in Traditional Arts/ Crafts for Development
PFMS	Public Financial Management System
PMJKV	Pradhan Mantri Jan Vikas Karyakram

MsDP	Multi-sectoral Development Programme
MCA	Minority Concentration Area
PIA	Project Implementing Agency
IITF	India International Trade Fair
NMDFC	National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation
SCAs	State Channelizing Agencies
CVO	Chief Vigilance Officer
CHCs	Community Health Centers.
PHCs	Primary Healthcare Center
NCM	National Commission for Minorities
CLM	Commission for Linguistic Minorities
CWC	Central Waqf Council
NSP	National Scholarship Portal
UGC	University Grants Commission
HCOI	Haj Committee of India
CGI	Consulate General of India
HGOs	Haj Group of Organisation
PTO	Private Tour Operators
DARPG	Department of Administrative Reforms & Public Grievances
DKS	Dargah Khwaja Saheb



ORGANISATION UNDER THE MINISTRY OF MINORITY AFFAIRS

1. National Commission For Minorities (NCM), New Delhi
2. Central Waqf Council (CWC), New Delhi
3. National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC), New Delhi
4. National Waqf Development Corporation (NAWADCO), New Delhi
5. Maulana Azad Educational Foundation (MAEF), New Delhi
6. Durgah Khawaja Saheb (DKS), Ajmer
7. Commissioner For Linguistic Minorities (CLM), New Delhi